



Punto de Fuga
THE VALUE OF PEOPLE INSIGHT

Anticipating the new normal

Global references and orientations



July 2020

* Punto de Fuga is member of the international result network ARTIS

CONTEXT



The outbreak of the Coronavirus as a global pandemic has had devastating effects worldwide, and its situation is far from stabilizing. It is not yet possible to determine the future scope of these unprecedented crises in the contemporary world, but their effects in the short term are evident, both at the health, economic and social levels. On the collective and individual level.

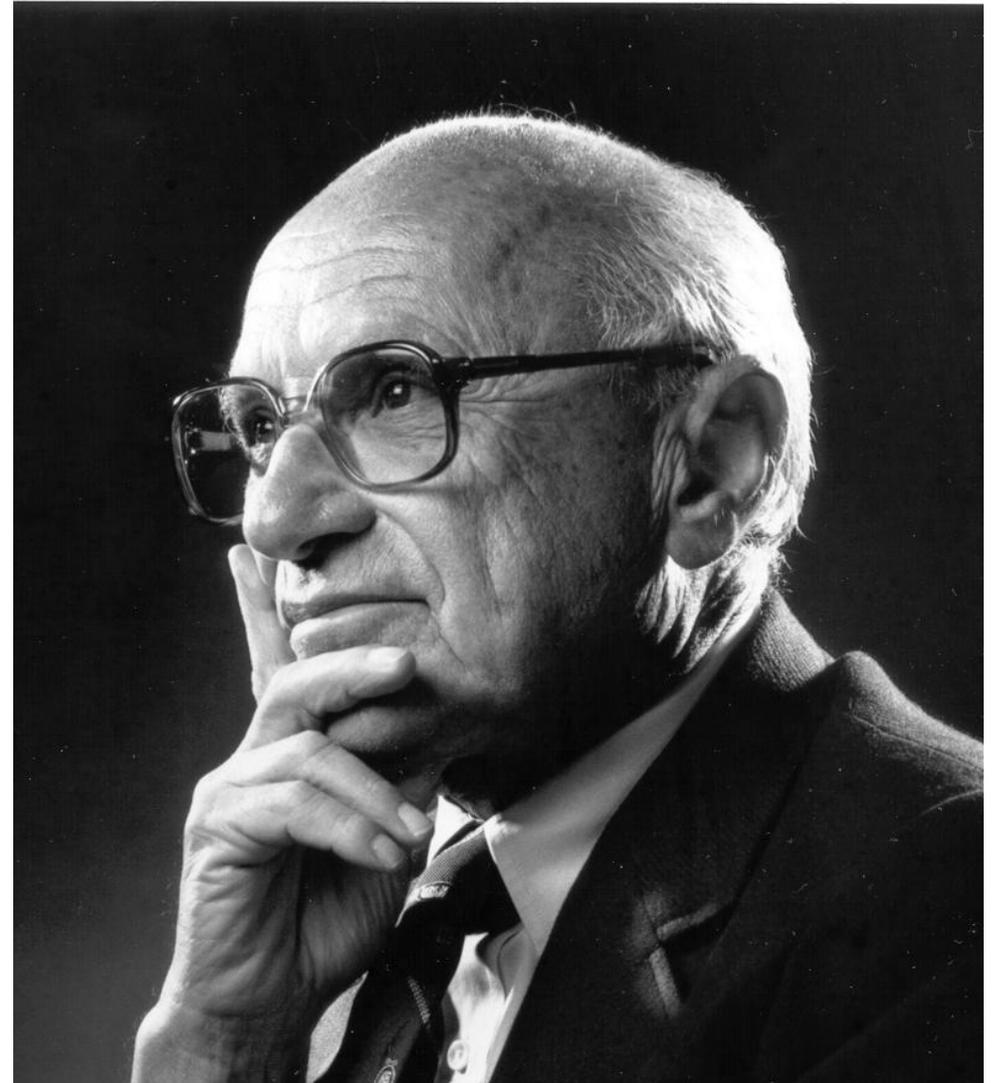
The future is uncertain and ongoingly changing.

And this has a direct impact on our lives, our needs, our values, our emotions, how we think, how we organize ourselves as a society, how we relate to each other, and it is decisive for our consumption patterns. Some behavioral changes may stay only short term as they were forced though not wanted, but others may be modified in a more permanent way.

Brands and companies must listen and understand this **new reality** in order to be able to **READJUST** and **RETUNE** to the needs of the market.

Punto de Fuga presents in this report a first analysis in **11 countries** of how the citizen's experience has been in these first months of the pandemic as well as the **changes of behavior** that the consumers anticipate today.

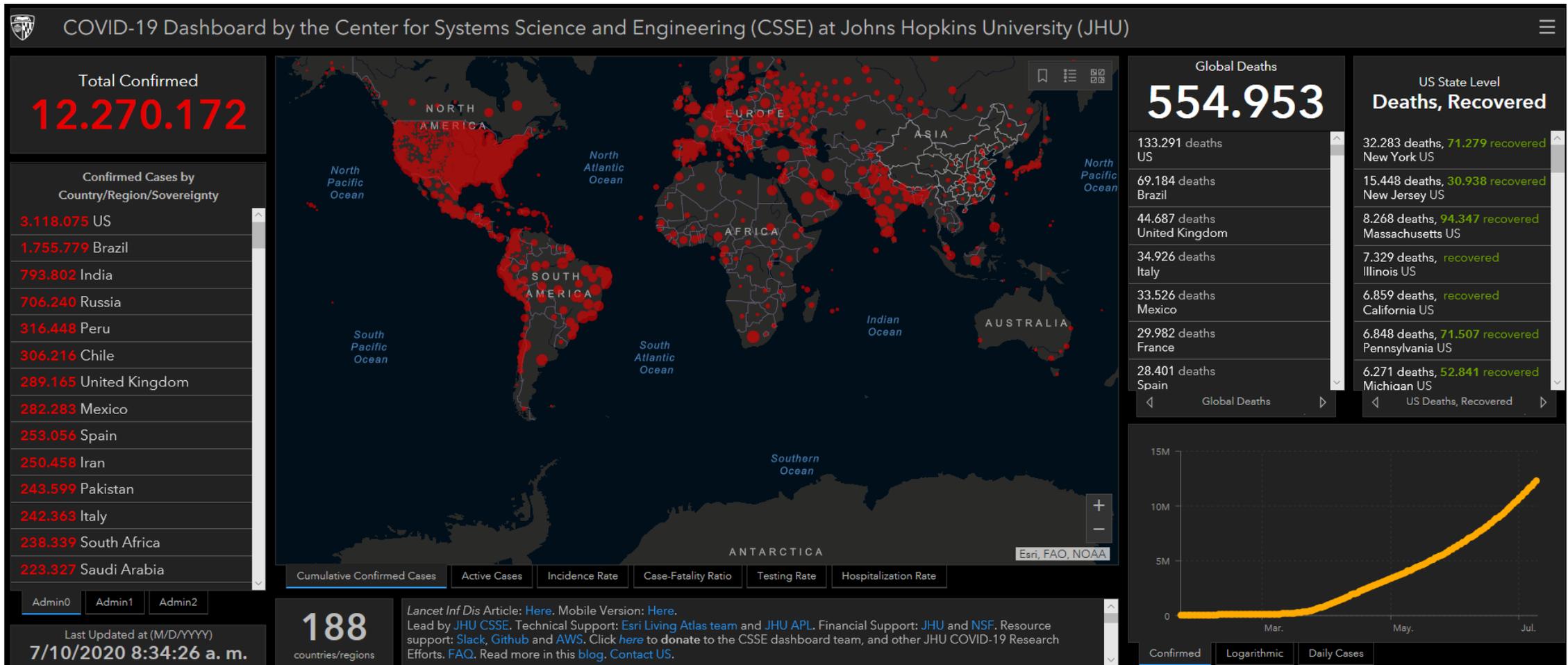
“Only a crisis –
actual or perceived
– produces real
change.”



Milton Friedman, Economist

A global crisis

Updates to be found at: <https://coronavirus.jhu.edu/map.html>



MAIN OBJECTIVE



The main objective of this study:

To x-ray the effect of the pandemic in terms of consumer perceptions and behaviors in 11 countries and anticipate future consumption prospects.

The analysis of the information and the learnings obtained in the study should help to...

guide brands and companies in their future strategies towards a “new normal”

OVERVIEW



4.535 online interviews



LOI: 12 minutes each



Individuals **18 yoa and older**
Worldwide in 11 countries



Fieldwork was realized between
15th and 24th of June 2020

Sampling error (95% CI):
+ 1.45% globally
+ 4.90 per country



CURRENT EVOLUTION OF THE PANDEMIC

At the time of the study (end of June 2020) we observed 3 different spreading speeds of the pandemic in the countries analyzed:

- **SLOWLY**

-  Germany
-  France
-  Italy
-  Spain

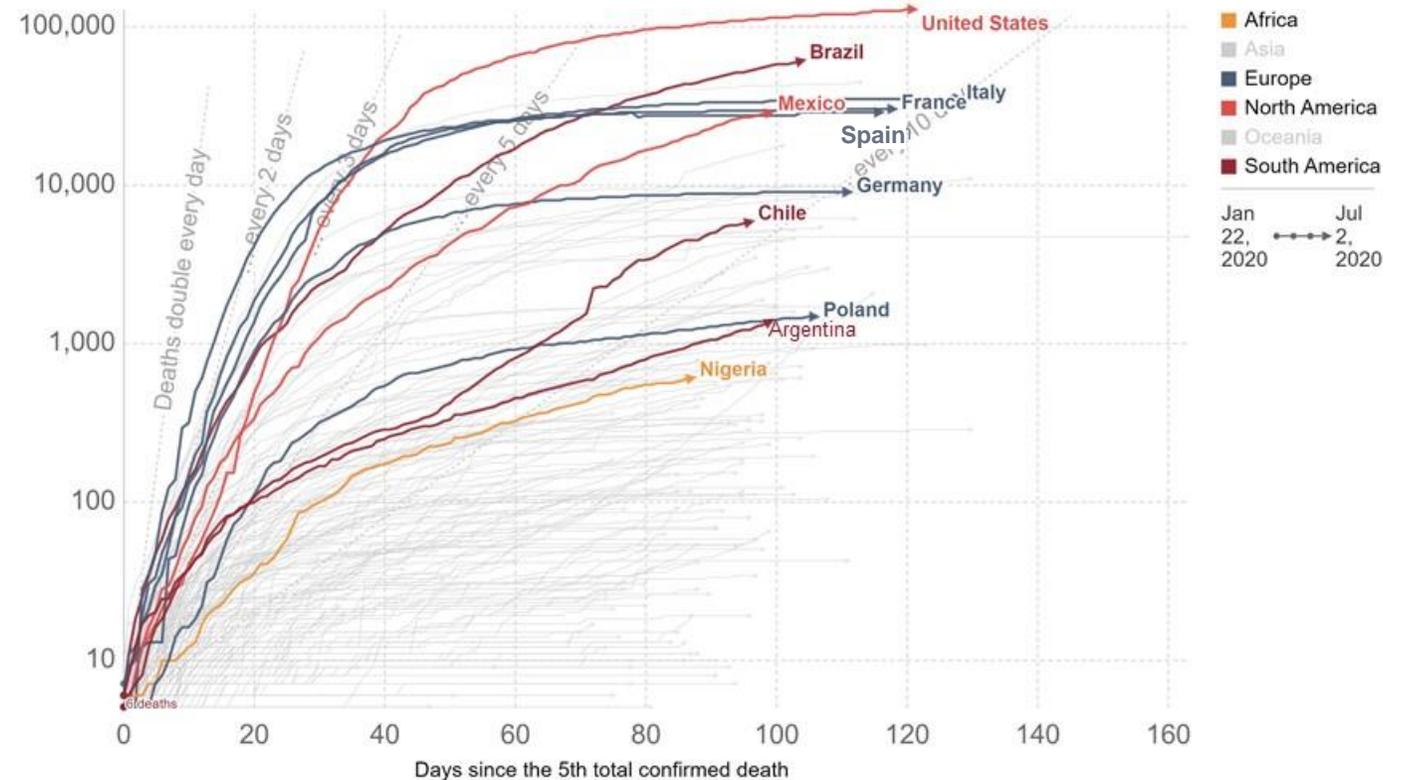
- **MIDDLE**

-  USA
-  POLAND

- **RAPIDLY**

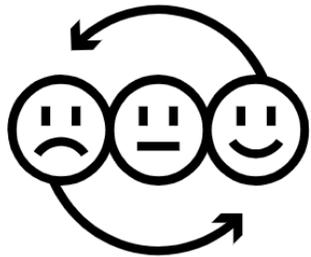
-  Brazil
-  Mexico
-  Chile
-  Argentina
-  Nigeria

Total confirmed deaths by COVID-19



Source: European CDC – Situation Update Worldwide – Last updated 2nd July, 13:00 (London time) OurWorldInData.org/coronavirus • CC BY

MAIN RESEARCH BLOCKS



Psychological and social impact of COVID-19

Perspectives on the pandemic. Current mood.

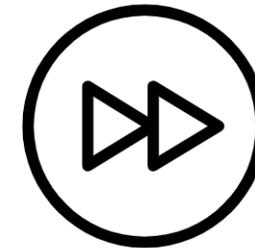
Positive and negative effects.
Assessment of the management of institutions, companies, brands and citizenship



Shopper experience: during and after COVID

How UX has been during the pandemic?

Level of concern when buying.
Measures that help you feel more comfortable.
New UX, New drivers.



Anticipating the new normal

What behavioral prospects are anticipated?

What activities will be done more and what activities will be stopped?

Psychological and social impact after COVID-19



Psychological and social impact after COVID-19



As of June 2020, **concern coexists with hope in the consumer's state of mind**. Tired in Europe (France, Poland), anxious in Latin America (Brazil and Chile), more relaxed in Germany.

In general, **France, Germany, Mexico and Nigeria show more optimism, while anxiety and concern take their toll in Latin America**. In Spain and Italy, a high worry ratio persists also.

The **perception of a vital change after COVID-19 is very high**, especially in Latin America and Spain. Lower impact perception in Germany, France and Poland.

Beyond the health crisis, the **fear of economic recession and unemployment** are the worst consequences expected. While the **recognition of the health professional, the emerging solidarity and the family support emerge** as the positive effects of the crisis.

And yet, some optimism: **30% anticipate an improved society after the crisis**, a percentage that rises to 50% in the Latin American countries analyzed.

In the management of the crisis, the merit of professionals and citizens is recognized and the efforts of governments and international entities are questioned. Better assessment of local governments.

Discrete role of the different sectors, although the role of e-commerce, cleaning brands and distribution is valued.

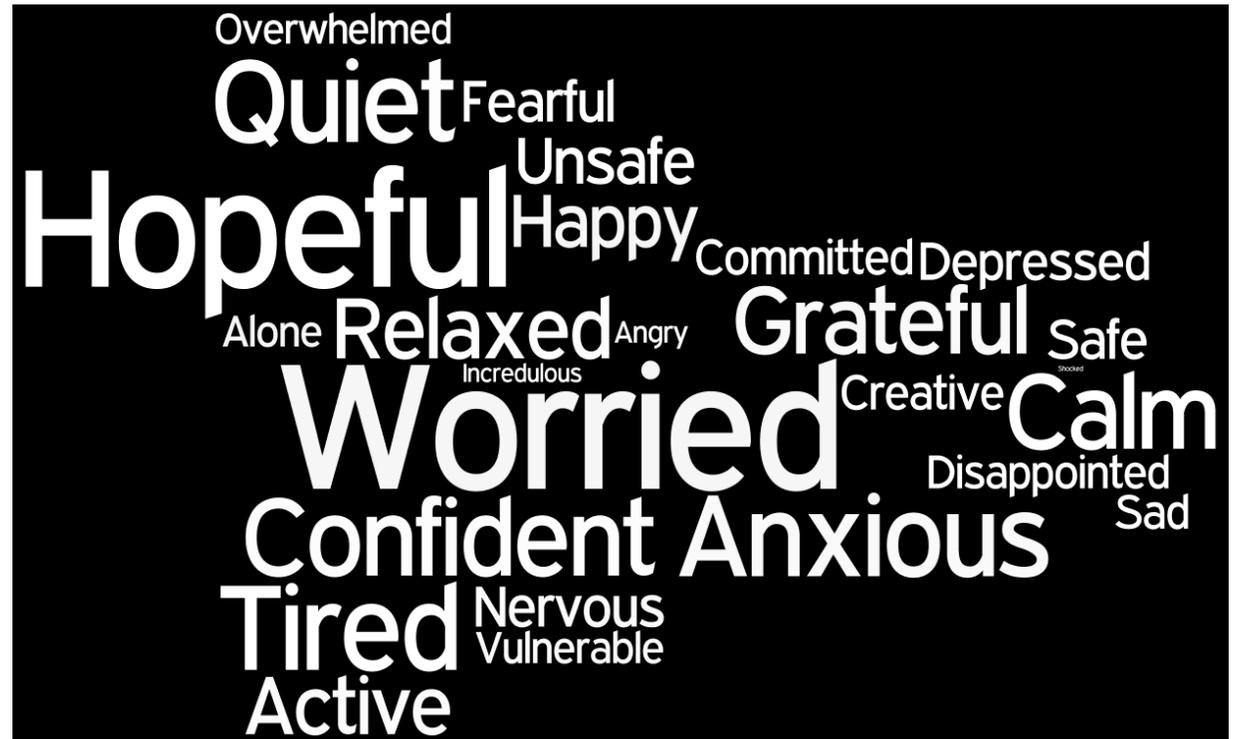
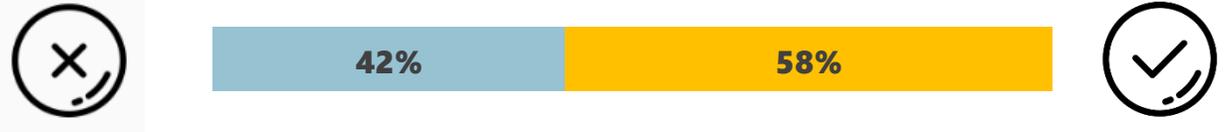
Amazon, (one of) the top brands during the crisis, also other distribution chains are presented. In Spain, Inditex and Mercadona are the brands that have most impressed during the pandemic.



How do they feel?

JUNE 2020

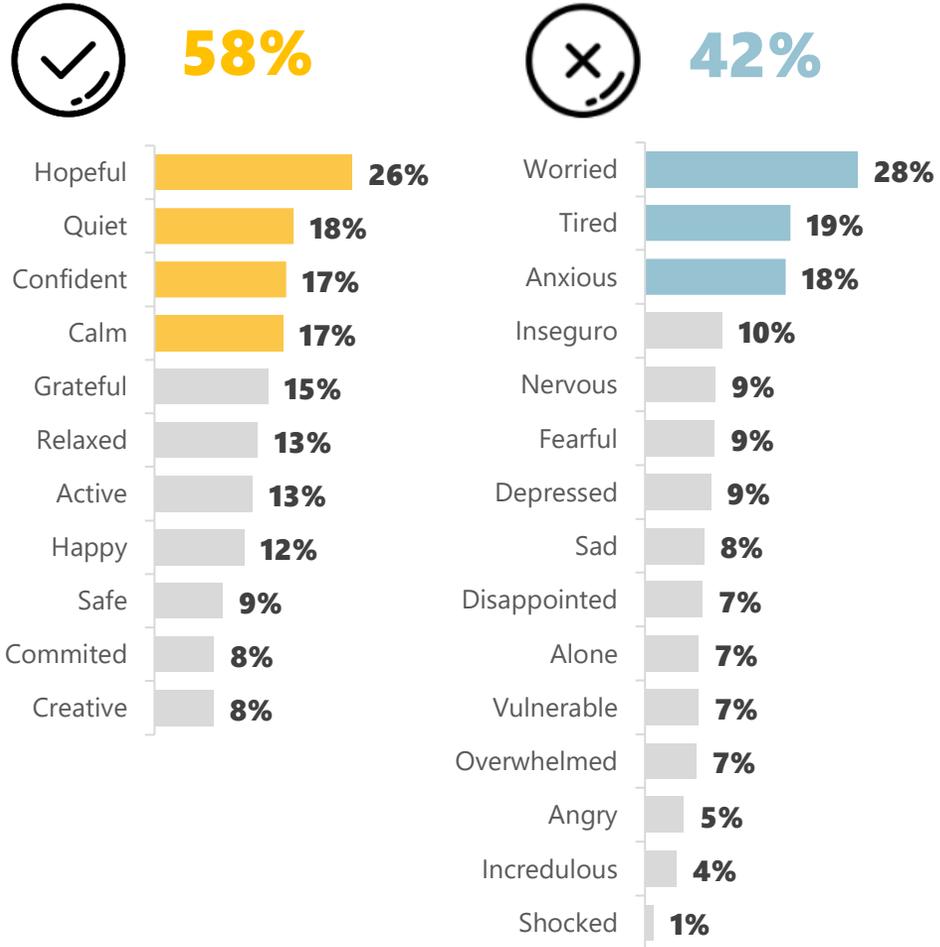
Emotional Ratio :



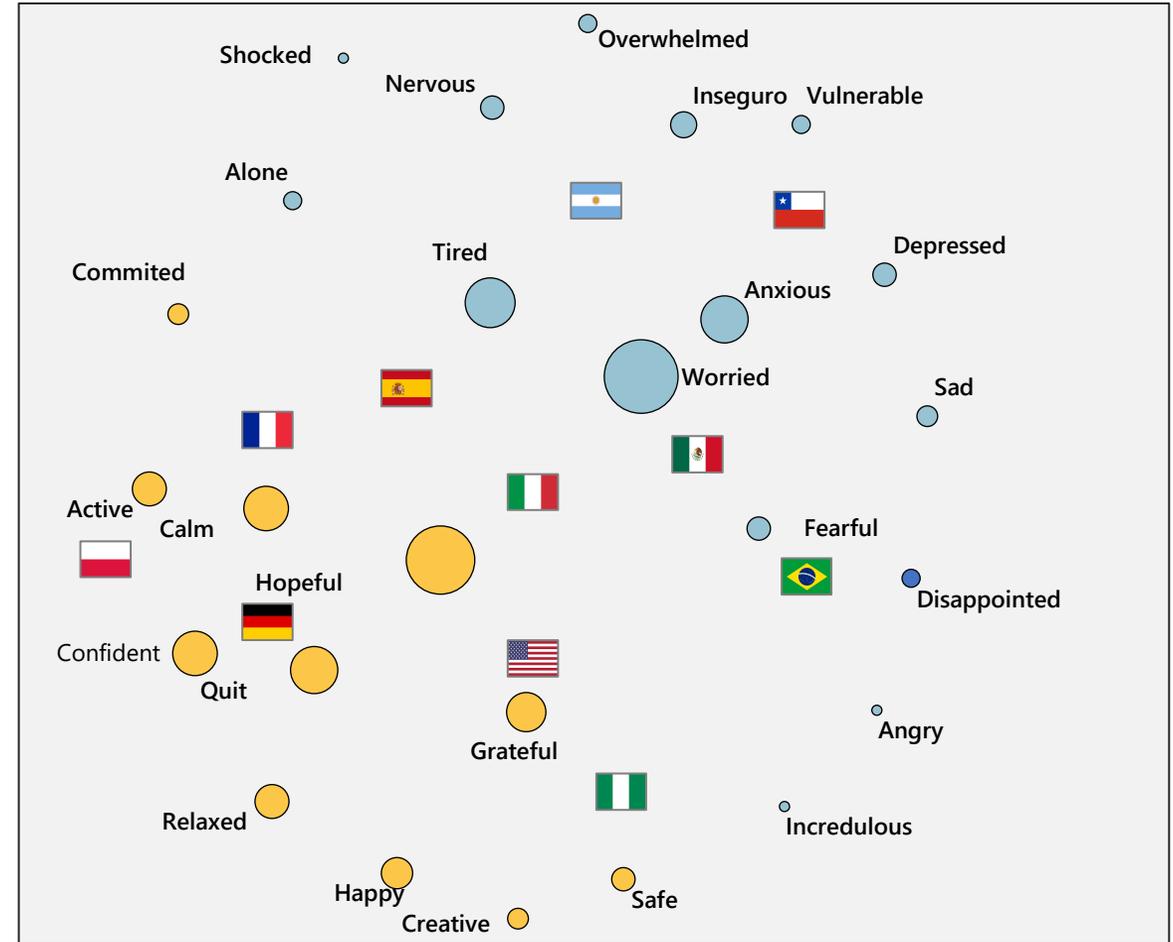
P16. Select the three words that best describe your current mood:

How do they feel?

JUNE 2020

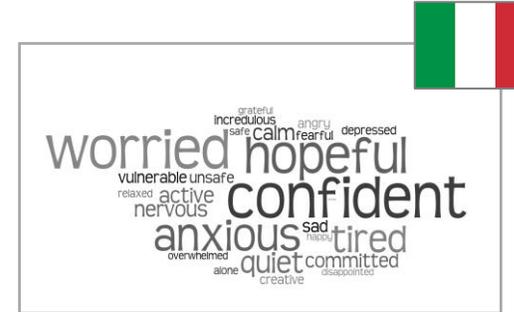


Semantic Mapping



How do they feel?

Moods reflected by word clouds
- by country -



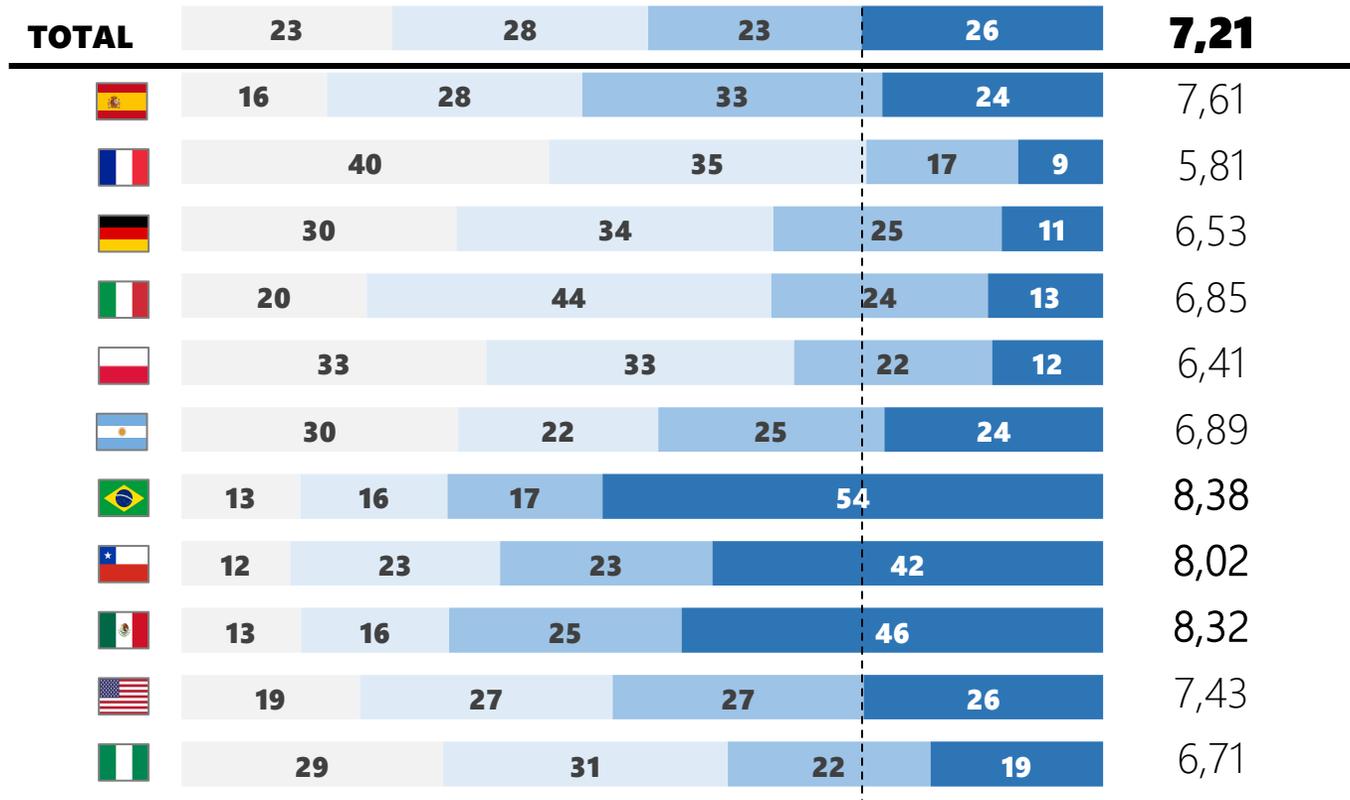
P16. Select 3 words that best describe your current mood:

Will COVID-19 change our lives?



Change Ratio
1 to 10

(1 a 5) It will have no impact at all 6 a 7 8 a 9 (10) It will completely change our lives



“COVID-19 will change our lives completely”

Highest level of change perception in LATAM and Spain.



7,21
From 1 to 10
change completely

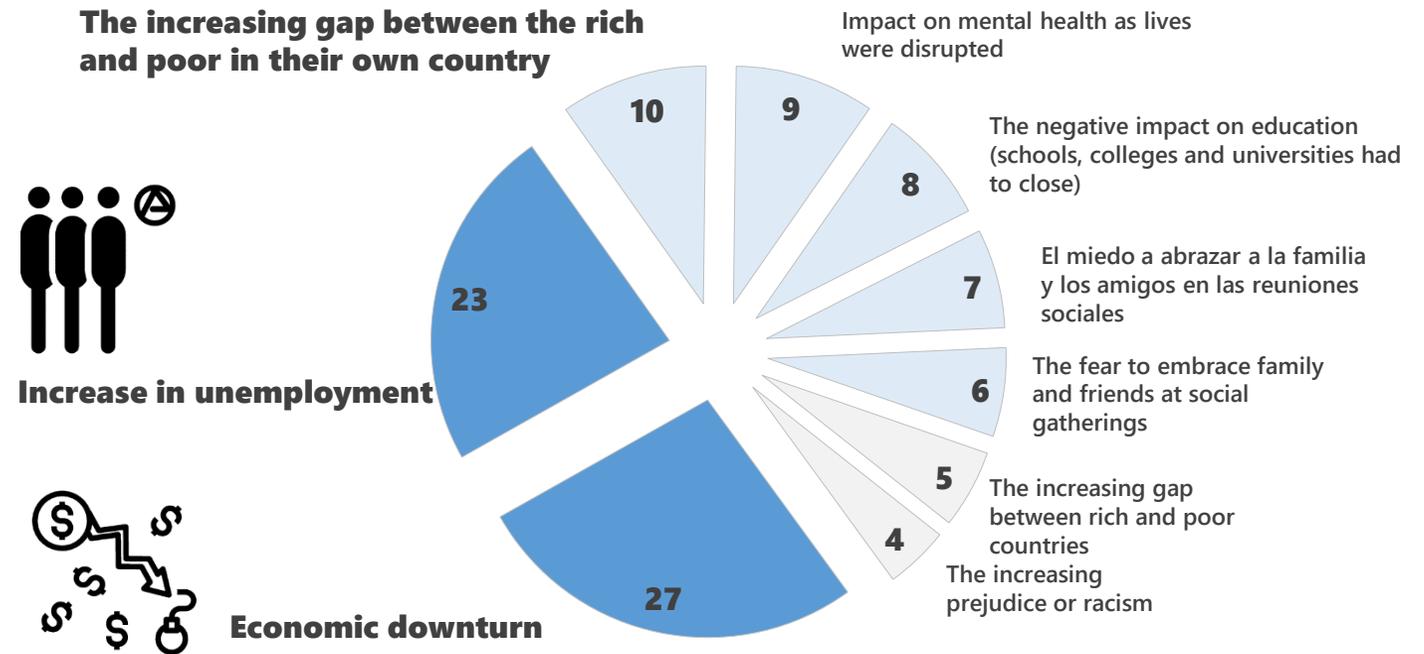
P17. 17.To what extent do you think COVID-19 will permanently change our lives?

Economic recession, rising unemployment and the gap between countries are the worst fears after COVID-19



What is the worst consequence of the pandemic?

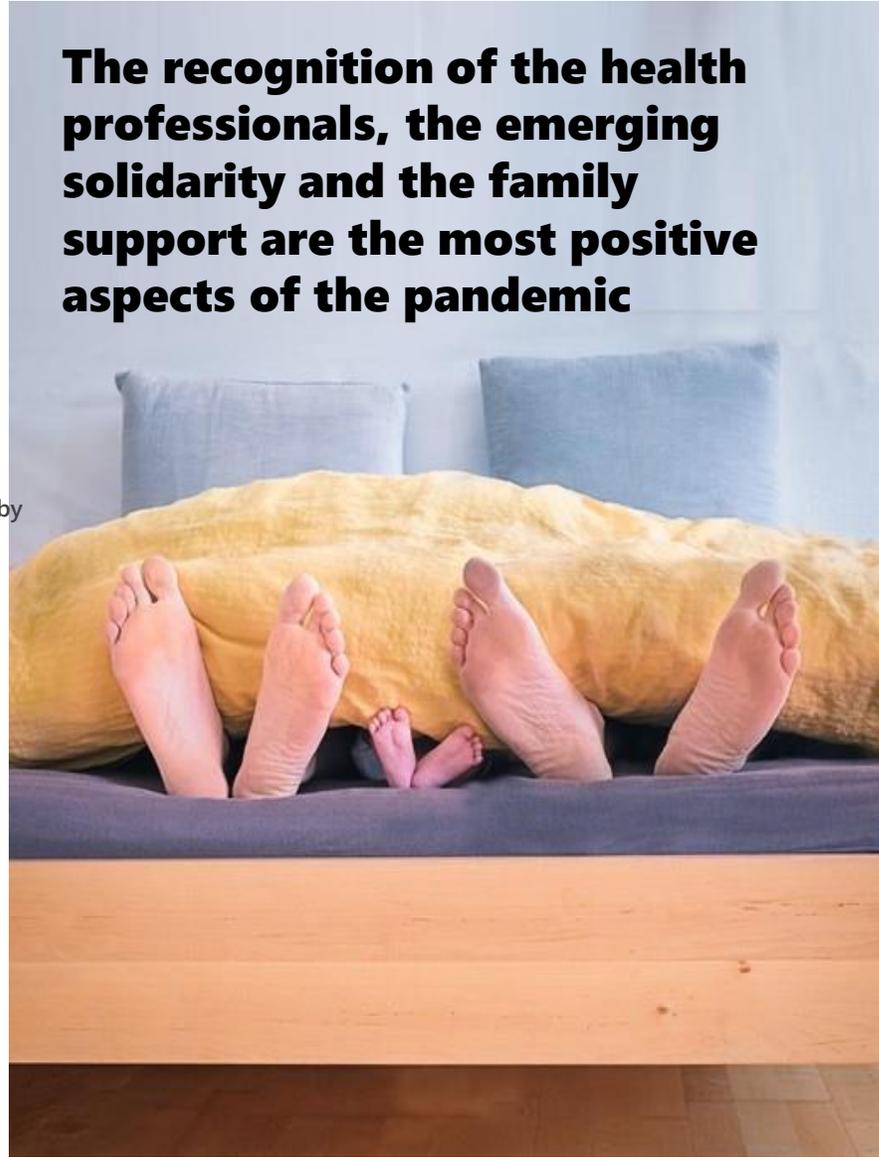
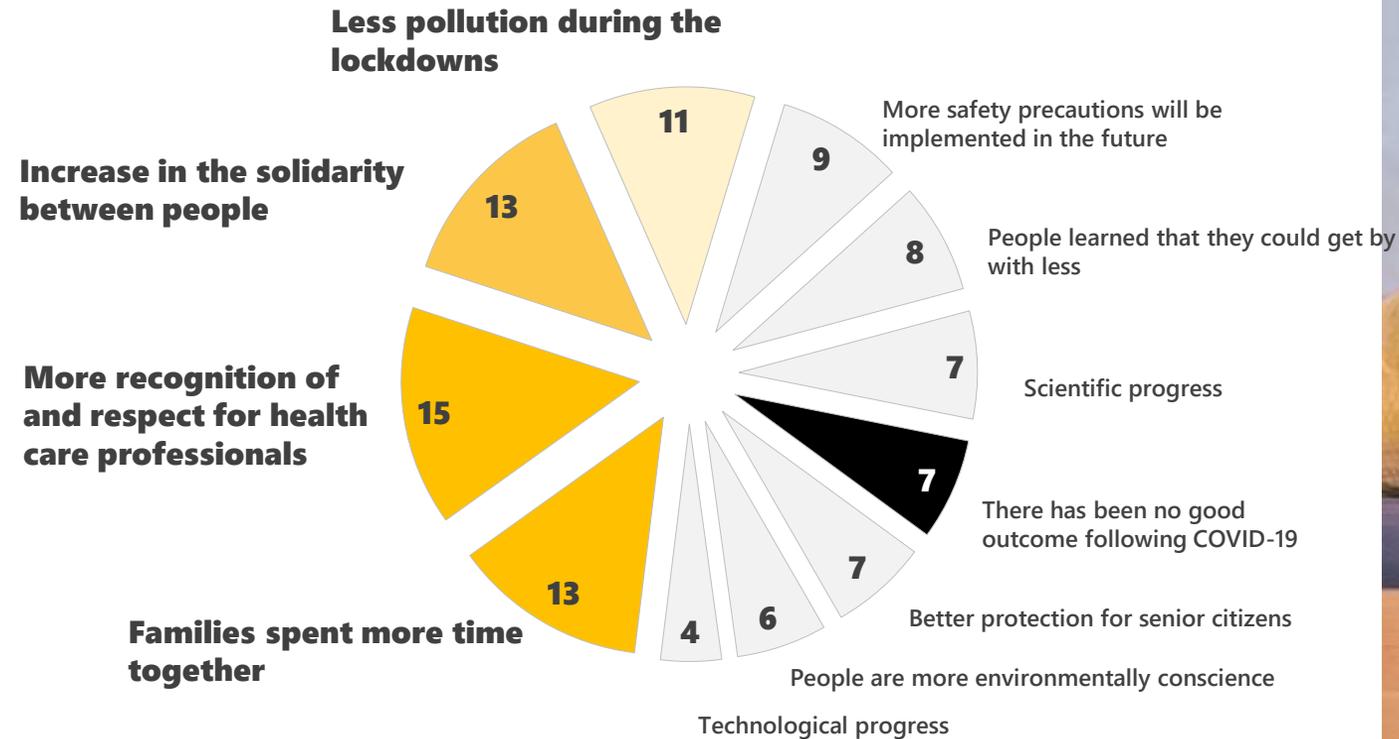
(total base) (n=4.535)



P19. In addition to the unfortunate number of deaths caused by COVID-19, which of the following do you think are the worst and second-worst outcomes of the pandemic?

Which is the most positive outcome of the pandemic?

(total base) (n=4.535)



The recognition of the health professionals, the emerging solidarity and the family support are the most positive aspects of the pandemic

P20. Beyond all the negative consequences, which of the following do you think are the best and second-best outcomes following COVID-19?

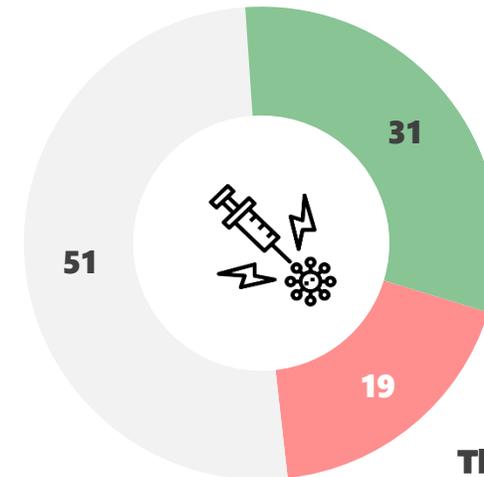
The arrival of the vaccine generates some optimism at the social level:

"Society will improve" says 30%



When a vaccine is available, society in general will be a better one?

(total base) (n=4.535)



The most optimistic:



47% 47% 37%

The most pessimistic:



27% 23%

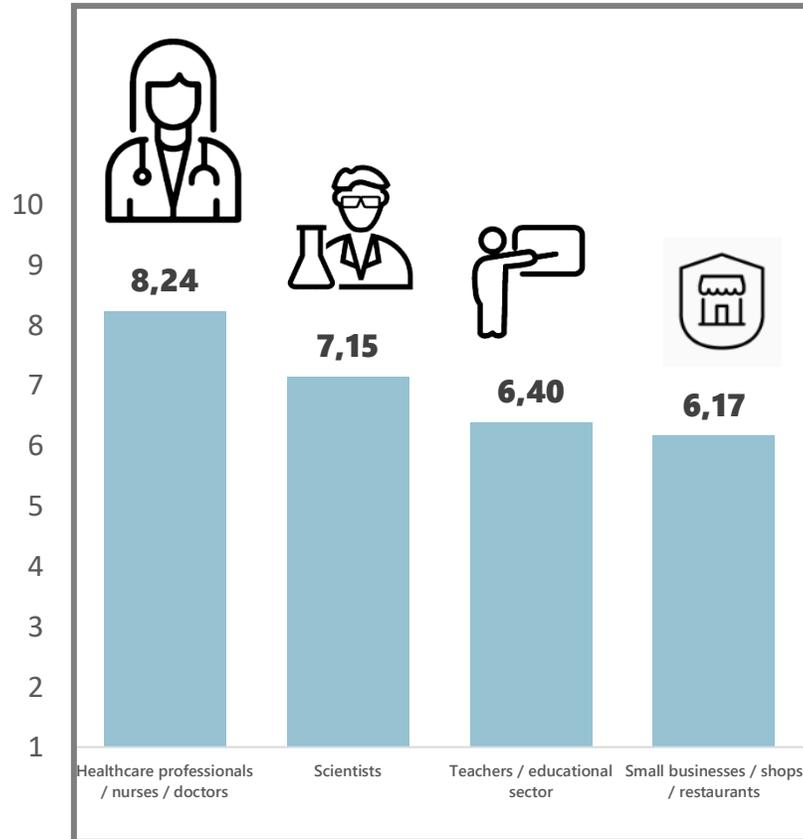
| BETTER | 24% | 22% | 27% | 25% | 18% | 24% | 47% | 33% | 31% | 37% | 47% |
|---------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| STAYS | 58% | 56% | 50% | 54% | 55% | 59% | 42% | 47% | 57% | 44% | 39% |
| WORS | 18% | 21% | 23% | 21% | 27% | 17% | 12% | 20% | 13% | 20% | 14% |

P18. When a COVID-19 vaccine is available, do you think that society, in general, will...?

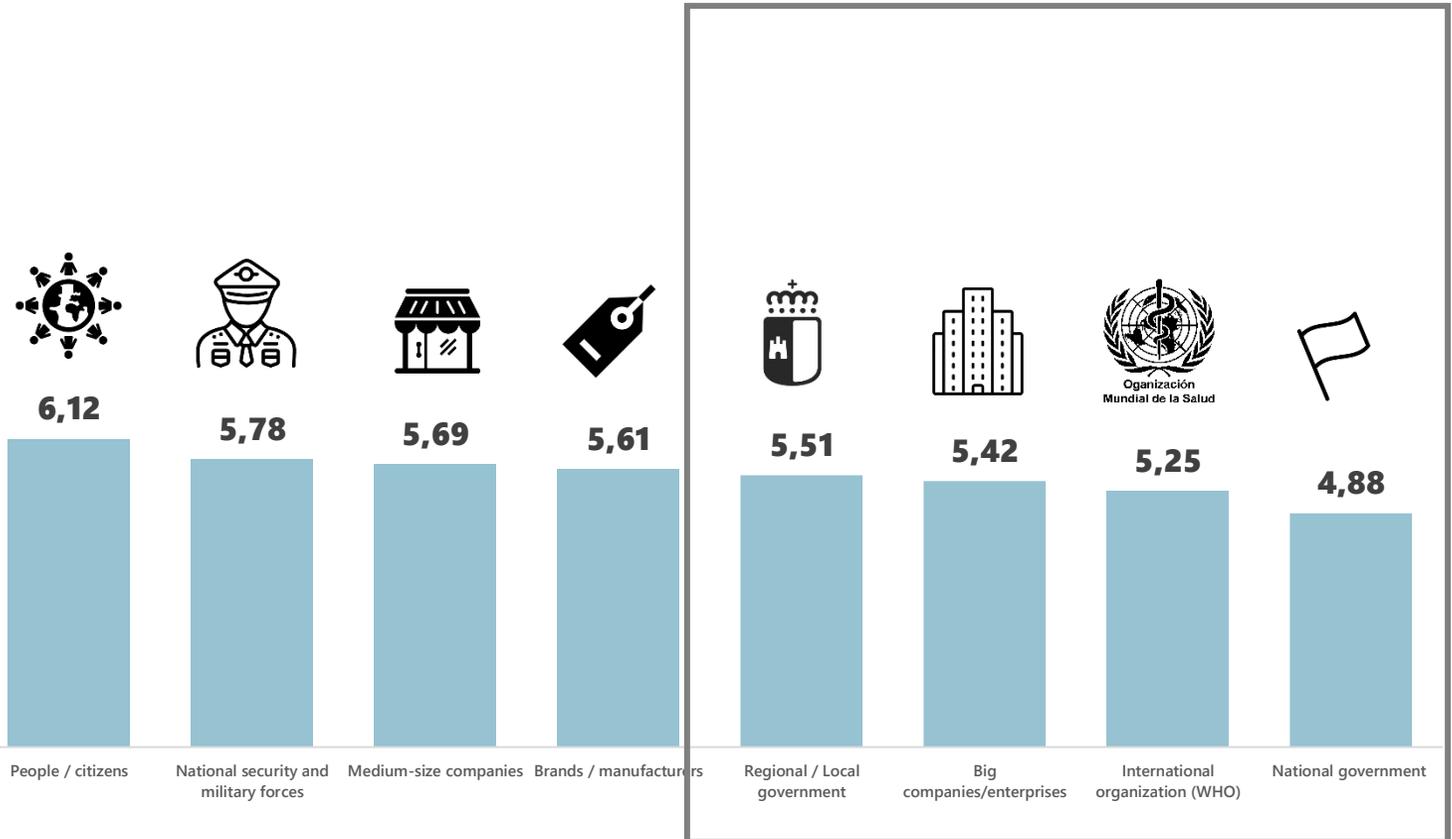
How has the management of the pandemic been assessed? (average scores)

(total base) (n=4.535)

Bravo to the professionals



An F to the governments



_P21. How effective were each of the following in addressing and managing COVID-19 (SCALE = 1 TO 10 WITH 1 BEING NOT AT ALL EFFECTIVE AND 10 BEING EXTREMELY EFFECTIVE)

Unanimity in recognizing the work of health professionals and scientists. Germany and Argentina are the countries who value their government most. Generally, local governments are better rated though.

| |  Healthcare professionals |  Scientists |  Teachers / educational sector |  Small businesses |  People / citizens |  National security and military forces |  Medium-size companies |  Brands |  Regional / local Government |  Big companies |  International organization (WHO) |  National government |
|---|--|--|---|--|---|---|---|--|---|---|--|---|
| TOTAL | 8,2 | 7,2 | 6,4 | 6,2 | 6,1 | 5,8 | 5,7 | 5,6 | 5,5 | 5,4 | 5,3 | 4,9 |
|  | 8,5 | 7,5 | 6,6 | 7,0 | 6,4 | 7,3 | 6,4 | 6,0 | 5,5 | 6,1 | 5,4 | 4,8 |
|  | 8,2 | 6,7 | 6,2 | 5,8 | 6,1 | 5,8 | 5,5 | 5,6 | 5,2 | 5,3 | 5,0 | 4,7 |
|  | 8,0 | 7,3 | 6,0 | 6,1 | 6,5 | 5,5 | 5,7 | 5,2 | 6,6 | 5,3 | 6,0 | 6,7 |
|  | 8,0 | 6,7 | 6,3 | 6,3 | 6,6 | 6,0 | 6,2 | 6,2 | 6,1 | 6,2 | 5,1 | 5,7 |
|  | 7,6 | 6,2 | 5,3 | 4,8 | 5,9 | 5,1 | 5,0 | 5,3 | 5,3 | 5,3 | 4,6 | 4,7 |
|  | 8,8 | 7,8 | 6,6 | 6,4 | 5,6 | 6,7 | 5,6 | 5,2 | 5,8 | 4,7 | 4,3 | 5,6 |
|  | 9,3 | 8,6 | 7,5 | 6,4 | 7,5 | 5,7 | 5,8 | 6,5 | 5,3 | 5,8 | 6,4 | 4,1 |
|  | 9,1 | 7,2 | 6,9 | 6,7 | 4,2 | 4,7 | 5,2 | 4,6 | 5,7 | 3,7 | 3,8 | 3,6 |
|  | 8,3 | 7,3 | 6,5 | 6,3 | 5,1 | 5,9 | 6,0 | 5,7 | 5,1 | 5,9 | 5,9 | 4,7 |
|  | 7,8 | 7,2 | 6,9 | 6,6 | 6,4 | 5,9 | 6,3 | 6,3 | 6,2 | 6,1 | 5,7 | 5,0 |
|  | 6,6 | 5,6 | 5,4 | 5,4 | 6,7 | 5,0 | 4,8 | 5,0 | 4,1 | 5,0 | 5,3 | 4,4 |

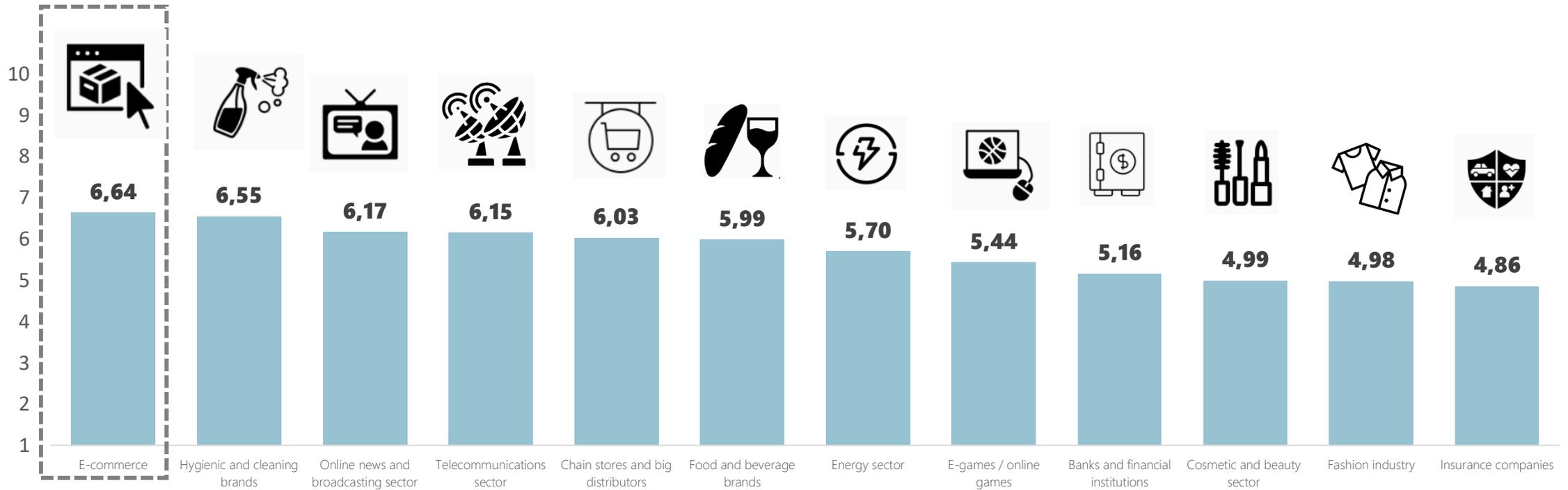
(*) The TOP 3 by country is highlighted in yellow

P21. How effective were each of the following in addressing and managing COVID-19 (SCALE = 1 TO 10 WITH 1 BEING NOT AT ALL EFFECTIVE AND 10 BEING EXTREMELY EFFECTIVE)

How has the reaction of companies been assessed? (Average scores)

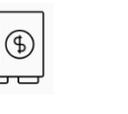
(total base) (n=4.535)

Less differences perceived between sectors in the management of the pandemic. Only e-commerce manages to stick-out, at least a little bit.



P22How effective were each of the following types of companies in addressing and managing COVID-19 (SCALE = 1 TO 10 WITH 1 BEING NOT AT ALL EFFECTIVE AND 10 BEING EXTREMELY EFFECTIVE)

In addition to e-commerce, the sectors of hygiene, information (esp. in LATAM), telecommunications (esp. in Spain and Poland) and distribution (esp. in Europe) are also highly valued

| |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|---|---|---|---|--|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | E-commerce | Hygienic and cleaning brands | Online news and broadcasting sector | Tele-communications | Chain stores and big distributors | Food and beverage brands | Energy sector | E-games / online games | Banks and financial institutions | Cosmetic and beauty sector | Fashion industry | Insurance companies |
| TOTAL | 6,6 | 6,6 | 6,2 | 6,2 | 6,0 | 6,0 | 5,7 | 5,4 | 5,2 | 5,0 | 5,0 | 4,9 |
|  | 6,5 | 6,7 | 6,3 | 6,6 | 6,6 | 6,6 | 6,1 | 5,8 | 5,6 | 5,8 | 5,9 | 5,5 |
|  | 6,1 | 6,1 | 5,8 | 5,9 | 6,0 | 5,6 | 5,6 | 5,2 | 4,7 | 5,0 | 4,9 | 4,4 |
|  | 6,9 | 6,6 | 6,5 | 5,8 | 6,6 | 6,7 | 5,6 | 5,0 | 5,0 | 5,0 | 5,0 | 4,9 |
|  | 7,1 | 6,6 | 6,0 | 6,3 | 6,5 | 6,1 | 5,7 | 5,7 | 4,7 | 5,4 | 5,6 | 5,0 |
|  | 7,2 | 6,9 | 6,2 | 6,7 | 6,2 | 6,3 | 6,5 | 6,2 | 5,6 | 5,0 | 5,1 | 5,4 |
|  | 6,3 | 6,4 | 5,8 | 5,9 | 5,5 | 5,4 | 5,6 | 5,7 | 4,3 | 4,5 | 4,5 | 4,3 |
|  | 7,5 | 7,1 | 6,4 | 6,3 | 6,1 | 6,4 | 5,8 | 5,1 | 5,9 | 5,5 | 4,9 | 4,9 |
|  | 6,3 | 5,9 | 5,8 | 5,2 | 4,8 | 4,8 | 4,6 | 5,6 | 3,6 | 3,6 | 3,6 | 3,3 |
|  | 6,8 | 7,1 | 6,5 | 6,5 | 6,3 | 6,3 | 5,5 | 5,5 | 6,0 | 5,0 | 4,9 | 5,3 |
|  | 7,0 | 6,9 | 6,6 | 6,5 | 6,5 | 6,5 | 6,4 | 5,9 | 6,1 | 5,7 | 5,7 | 6,1 |
|  | 5,2 | 5,6 | 6,0 | 6,1 | 5,2 | 5,1 | 5,3 | 4,3 | 5,0 | 4,4 | 4,7 | 4,3 |

P22How effective were each of the following types of companies in addressing and managing COVID-19 (SCALE = 1 TO 10 WITH 1 BEING NOT AT ALL EFFECTIVE AND 10 BEING EXTREMELY EFFECTIVE)

(*) The TOP 3 by country is highlighted in yellow

As leading brands, Amazon is mentioned in the TOP10 of 4 of the 5 European countries analyzed. Inditex in Spain, Carrefour in France, Barilla in Italy and Orlen in Poland achieve the top1

TOP 10 BRANDS PER COUNTRY (Europe)

|  | | |  | | |  | | |  | | |  | | |
|---|---|-----------|---|---|-----------|---|---|-----------|---|---|-----------|---|---|-----------|
| Ranking | Brand | Impressed | Ranking | Marca | Impressed | Ranking | Marca | Impressed | Ranking | Marca | Impressed | Ranking | Marca | Impressed |
| 1 | INDITEX | 27% | 1 |  | 14% | 1 |  | 12% | 1 |  | 18% | 1 |  | 17% |
| 2 |  | 20% | 2 |  | 9% | 2 |  | 8% | 2 |  | 14% | 2 |  | 6% |
| 3 |  | 15% | 3 |  | 9% | 3 |  | 7% | 3 |  | 10% | 3 |  | 3% |
| 4 |  | 11% | 4 |  | 7% | 4 |  | 6% | 4 |  | 9% | 4 |  | 3% |
| 5 |  | 10% | 5 |  | 7% | 5 |  | 5% | 5 |  | 9% | 5 |  | 2% |
| 6 |  | 7% | 6 |  | 7% | 6 |  | 4% | 6 |  | 8% | 6 |  | 2% |
| 7 |  | 7% | 7 |  | 5% | 7 |  | 4% | 7 |  | 8% | 7 |  | 2% |
| 8 |  | 7% | 8 |  | 5% | 8 |  | 4% | 8 |  | 5% | 8 |  | 2% |
| 9 |  | 5% | 9 |  | 4% | 9 |  | 2% | 9 |  | 4% | 9 |  | 2% |
| 10 |  | 5% | 10 |  | 4% | 10 |  | 2% | 10 |  | 4% | 10 |  | 1% |

P23. Please list the top 3 brands that come to mind that have impressed you the most based on their activities during the COVID-19 pandemic

Predominant role of detergent brands and supermarket chains in the American countries analyzed. Amazon top 1 in the United States

TOP 10 BRANDS PER COUNTRY (America)

|  | | |  | | |  | | |  | | |  | | |
|---|---|-----------|---|---|-----------|---|---|-----------|---|---|-----------|---|---|-----------|
| Ranking | Brand | Impressed | Ranking | Marca | Impressed | Ranking | Marca | Impressed | Ranking | Marca | Impressed | Ranking | Marca | Impressed |
| 1 |  | 13% | 1 |  | 10% | 1 |  | 17% | 1 |  | 18% | 1 |  | 22% |
| 2 |  | 7% | 2 |  | 10% | 2 |  | 9% | 2 |  | 16% | 2 |  | 19% |
| 3 |  | 7% | 3 |  | 8% | 3 |  | 9% | 3 |  | 10% | 3 |  | 7% |
| 4 |  | 6% | 4 |  | 8% | 4 |  | 9% | 4 |  | 8% | 4 |  | 6% |
| 5 |  | 5% | 5 |  | 7% | 5 |  | 8% | 5 |  | 7% | 5 |  | 5% |
| 6 |  | 5% | 6 |  | 7% | 6 |  | 6% | 6 |  | 7% | 6 |  | 5% |
| 7 |  | 5% | 7 |  | 6% | 7 |  | 6% | 7 |  | 5% | 7 |  | 4% |
| 8 |  | 5% | 8 |  | 5% | 8 |  | 5% | 8 |  | 4% | 8 |  | 4% |
| 9 |  | 4% | 9 |  | 5% | 9 |  | 5% | 9 |  | 4% | 9 |  | 3% |
| 10 |  | 3% | 10 |  | 4% | 10 |  | 4% | 10 |  | 3% | 10 |  | 3% |

P23. Please list the top 3 brands that come to mind that have impressed you the most based on their activities during the COVID-19 pandemic



Shopper experience: during and after COVID

Shopper experience: during and after COVID



Consumers remain concerned about possible exposure to the virus: more in America, less in Europe, but fear persists.

This implies a disturbing shopping experience: more than 80% do not feel comfortable while shopping. 25% of consumers anticipate long-term insecurity.

To alleviate the concern during the shopping experience, disinfection and distance are essential, but we **observe effects on the shopper's attitudes towards new channels:**

- Relevance of **proximity commerce**
- Relevance of **e-commerce**

40% of the consumers would accept a certain **price increase as a toll on these channels**

During the pandemic:

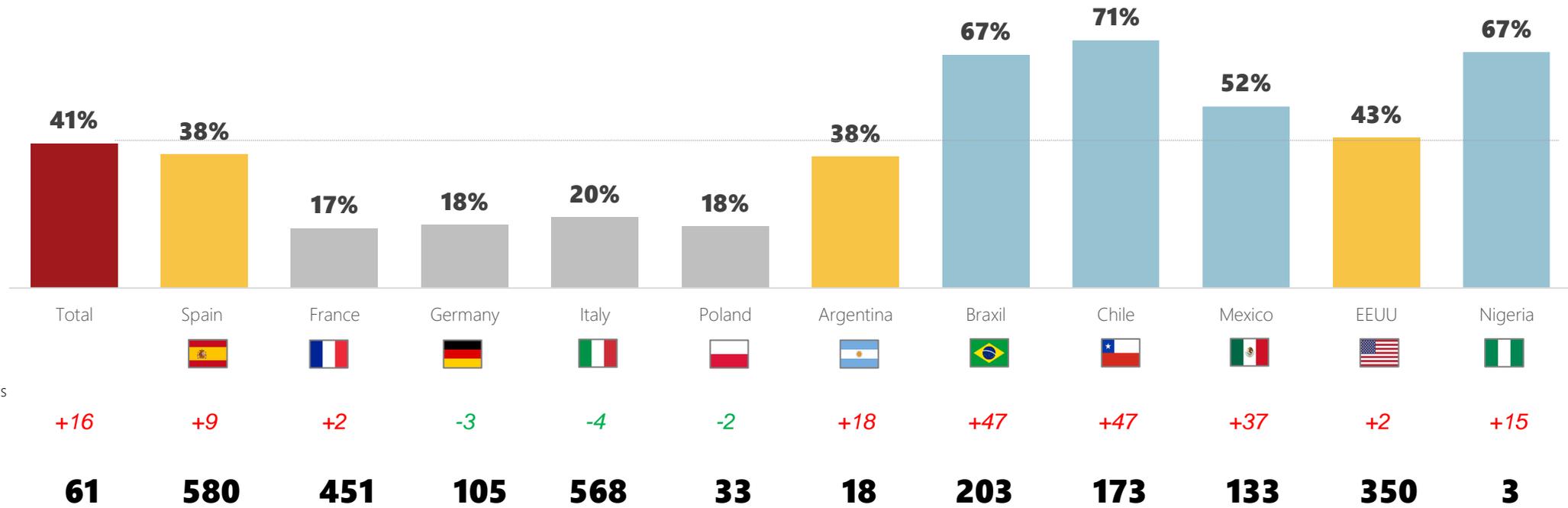
- 50% have **reduced their usual stores** (we went from 3 to 2 stores)
- 40% have **spent more** (supply in USA and Nigeria), (new items in Spain, Italy, LATAM)
- Facing out of stocks (80%) consumers **changed brands** (80%), and this **infidelity will remain** (30% no longer return, 30% will alternate)

Beyond the brand topic, **a lasting change in shopping habits is anticipated:** 60% believe that they will change as a result of the pandemic, and verbalize a renewed relevance of **PRICE, QUALITY, SUSTAINABILITY,** and **SOCIAL COMMITMENT,** to the disadvantage of notoriety per se.

Shopper experience: during and after COVID

Currently the greatest concern about COVID-19 exposure when shopping is centered in LATAM and Nigeria. Eye-catching is the low concern in Italy, having been one of the countries most affected by the pandemic, while in Spain fear does persist.

CURRENT concern about COVID-19 exposure when shopping (% very concerned)



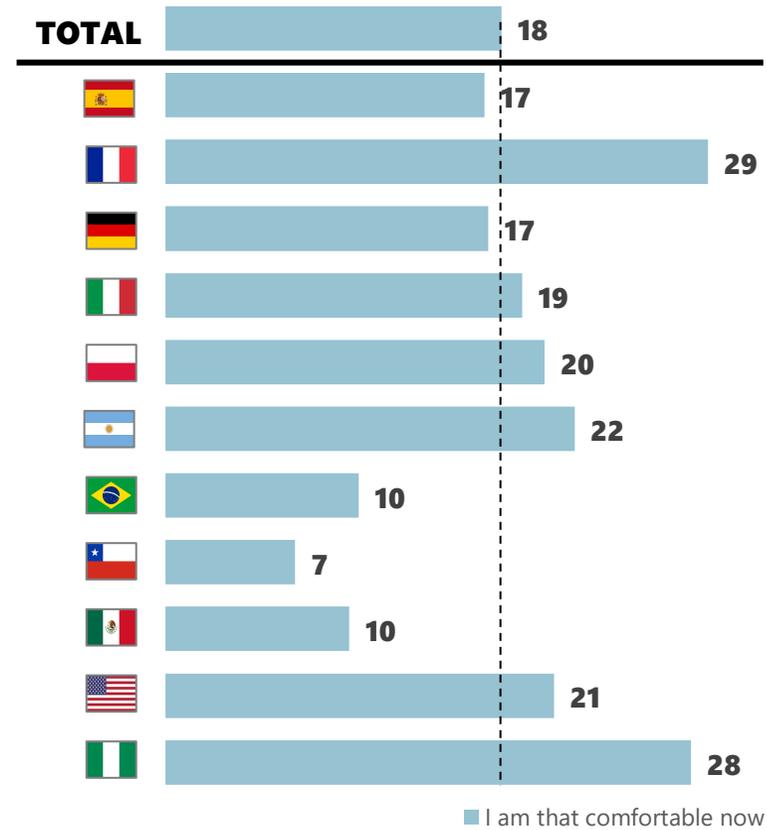
P2 As you think about going to the supermarket now, how would you rate your level of concern regarding the possibility of being exposed to the coronavirus? Would you be...

Shopper experience: during and after COVID

A disturbing User Experience: Currently, less than 20% feel comfortable while shopping. Only 10% in the case of LATAM



I feel comfortable shopping NOW

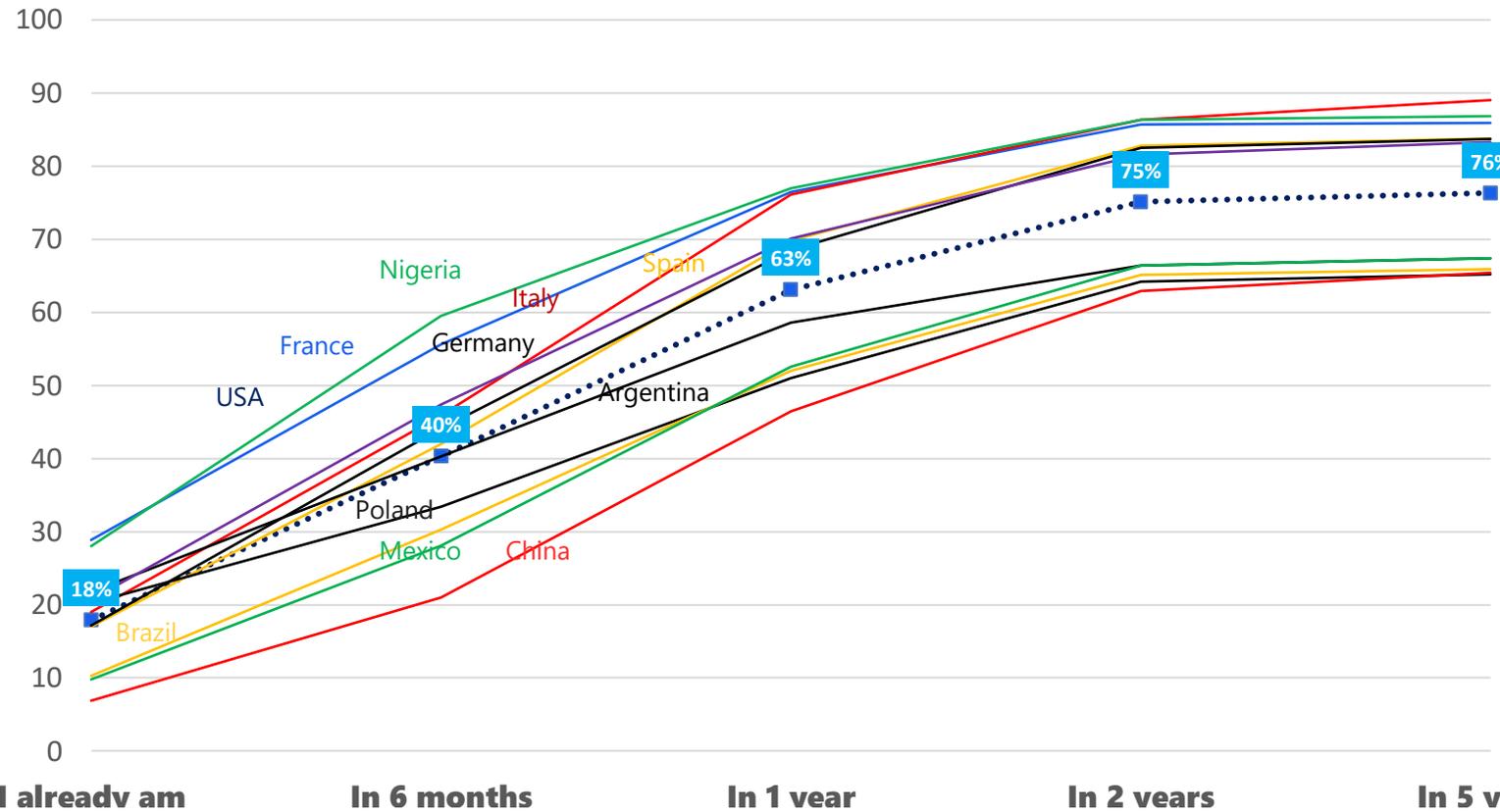


P10 How long do you think it will take for you to once again feel comfortable shopping at supermarkets like you did before COVID-19?

Shopper experience: during and after COVID

A slow recovery of confidence when shopping is perceived, even slower in LATAM and in Poland.

When will we feel comfortable again, shopping at the supermarkets?



- 89%
- 87%
- 86%
- 84%
- 84%
- 83%
- TOTAL 76%**
- 67%
- 67%
- 66%
- 65%
- 65%

P10 How long do you think it will take for you to once again feel comfortable shopping at supermarkets like you did before COVID-19?

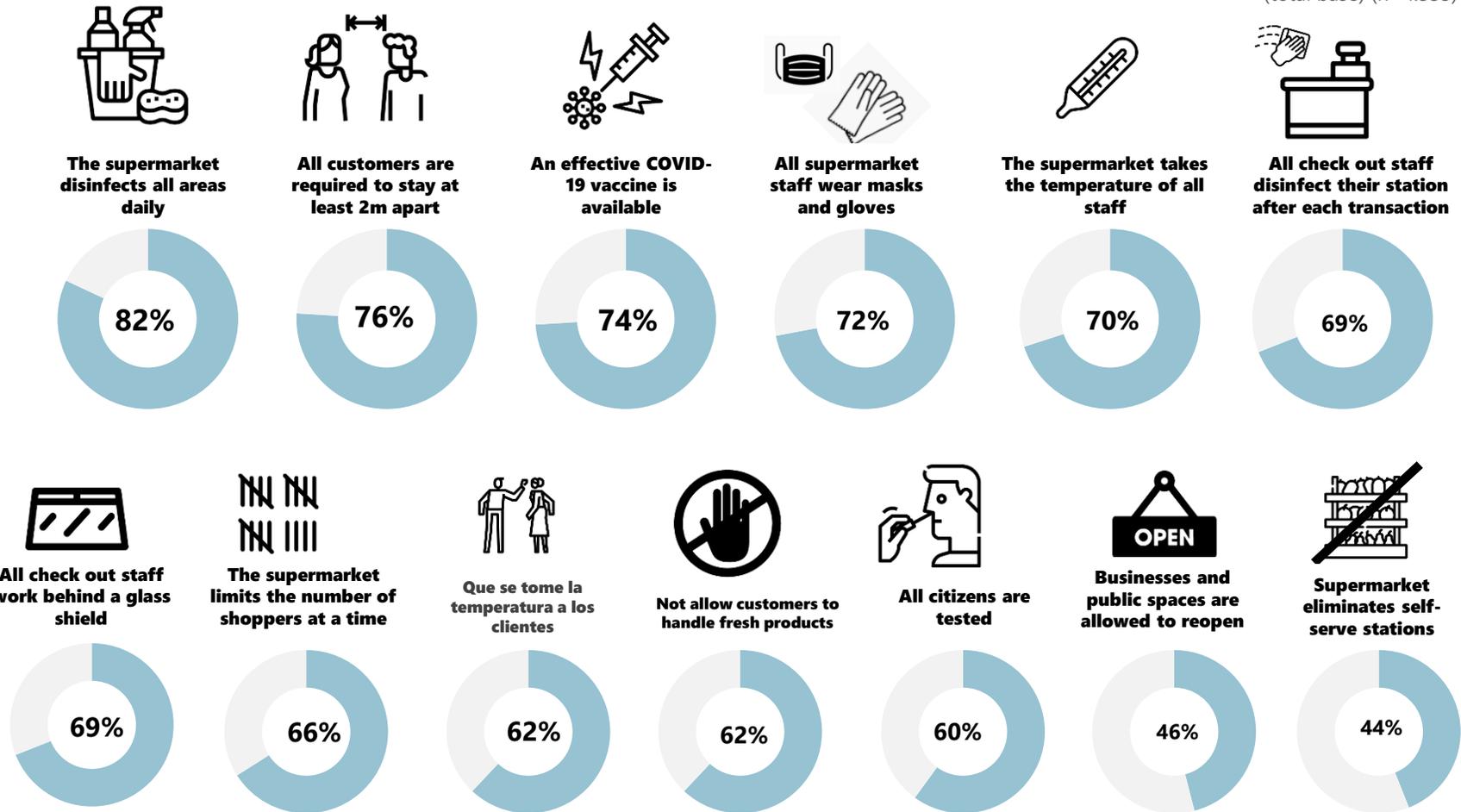
Shopper experience: during and after COVID

As long as there is no vaccine, disinfection and distance improve the shopper's UX



Improvements to feel more comfortable shopping (% Yes)

(total base) (n=4.535)

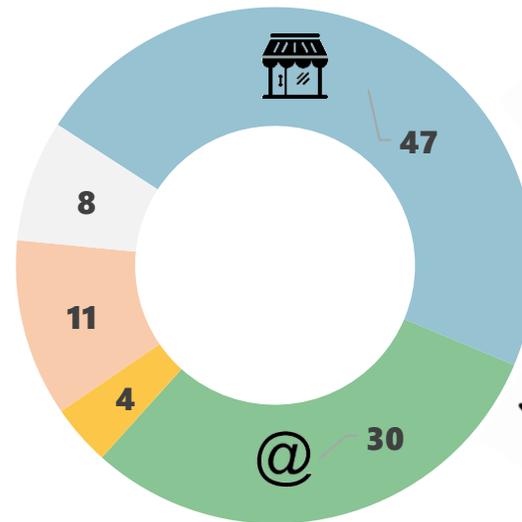


P9. Which of the following measures will make you feel more comfortable shopping at supermarkets? (Yes, Maybe, No)

Insecurity favors small businesses (LATAM, Nigeria and Poland) and e-commerce (Europe)

If not feeling comfortable after COVID-19: what do we do?

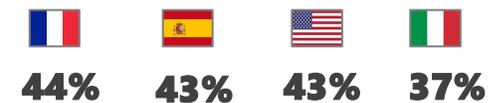
- Shop at smaller, less crowded shops
- Shop online
- Shop at smaller, less crowded shops
- Shop at supermarkets that deliver my purchases
- Pickup my pre-ordered purchases from the store



Higher willingness to buy in small shops:



Higher willingness to buy online:

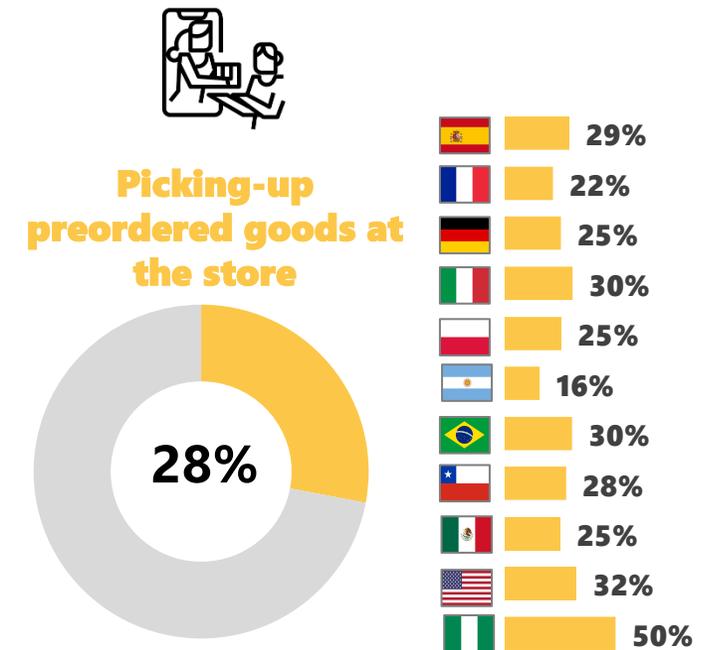
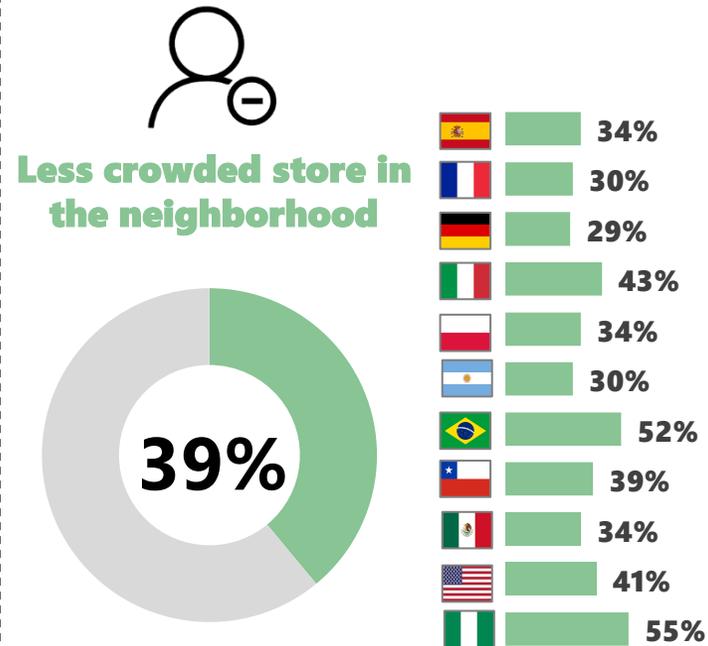
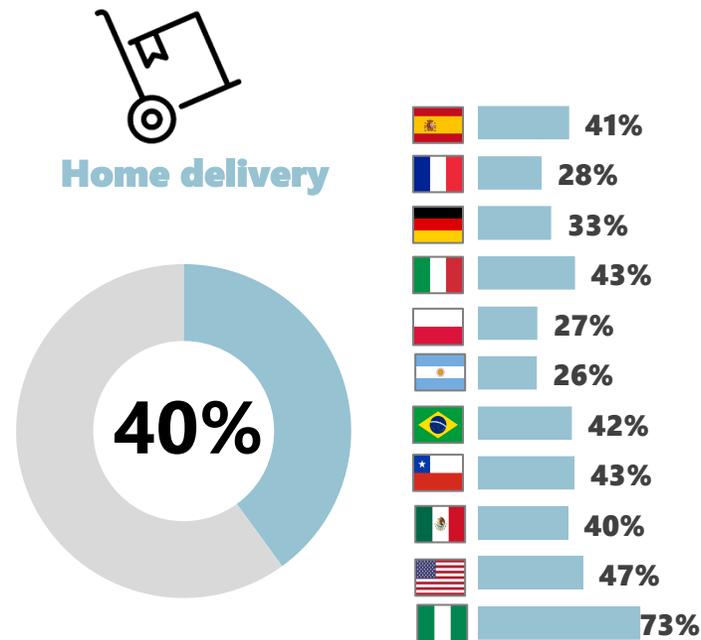


(base: they may not feel safe) (n=3.024)

P12. If you are not comfortable shopping at supermarkets after the threat of COVID-19 expires, what will you do instead?

Increasing willingness to a pay more for home delivery or proximity shopping

Willingness to pay more in food stores (% Yes)



P3. Are you willing to pay more for your groceries if... (Yes/No/Maybe)

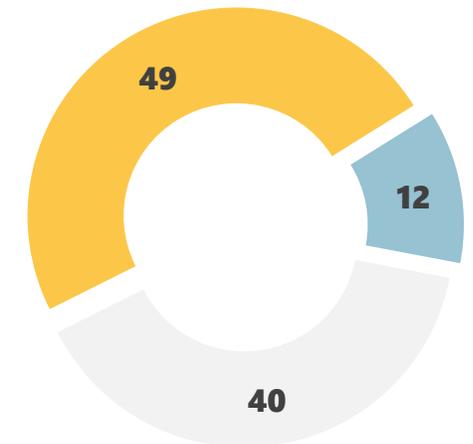
Shopper experience: during and after COVID



1 in 2 consumers has reduced the number of supply stores during the pandemic

Purchase at food stores during the pandemic

- Have shopped in more stores
- Have shopped in the same amount of stores
- Have shopped in less stores



AMOUNT OF REGULARLY VISITED STORES



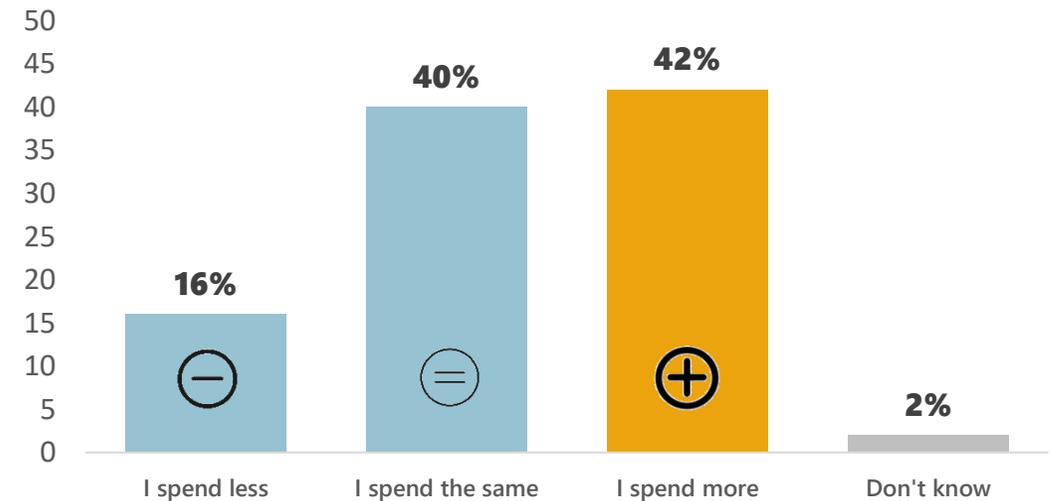
P4. Before the crisis, at about how many stores did you shop regularly for your food products and other household items (paper products and cleaning supplies, for example)?
P5. During the crisis, at how many stores did you shop, (either in-person or online) for your food products and other household items?

Shopper experience: during and after COVID



4 out of 10 consumers have increased their spending on food and household products

Spending on Food and Household Products

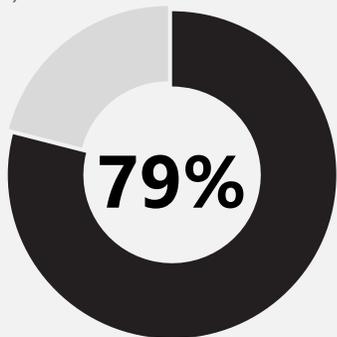


P7. As you think about how much you currently spend on groceries and household items like paper products and cleaning supplies compared to how much you spent before the coronavirus outbreak, would you say you spend...?.

High brand infidelity during the pandemic when facing of out of stock

The usual Brand is not available

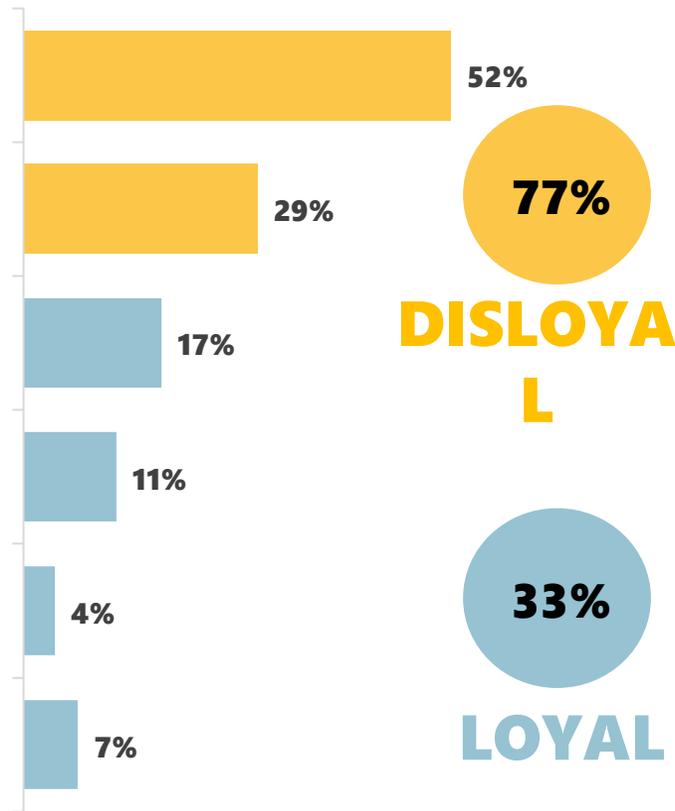
(total base) (n=4.535)



If your brand was gone, what did you do?

(base: haven't found their habitual brand (n=3.548))

- I have occasionally purchased a different brand of the same product.
- I have frequently purchased a different brand of the same product.
- I have tried to find it at other stores.
- I have tried to find it online.
- I have ask family or friends if I can get it from them.
- I have not bought then, preferring to wait until my preferred brand was available.

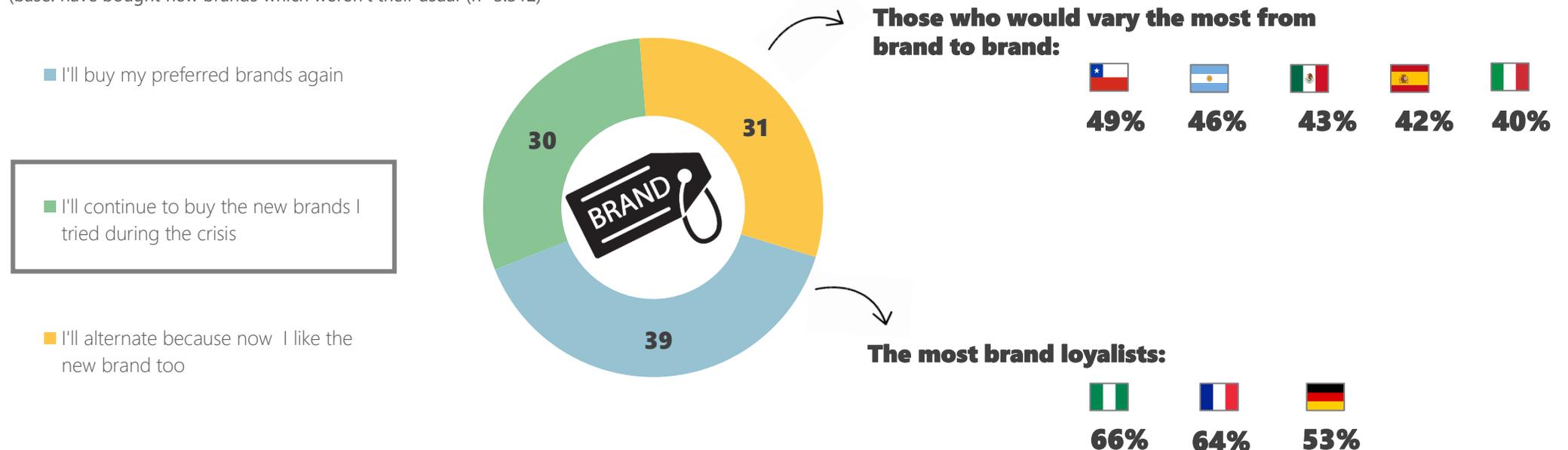


P13. During the past few months, what have you done if the brand of product you buy most often at the supermarket is sold out?

30% of those consumers don't come back anymore: higher infidelity in LATAM, Italy

Those who have changed, will they go back to their favorite brands?

(base: have bought new brands which weren't their usual (n=3.312))



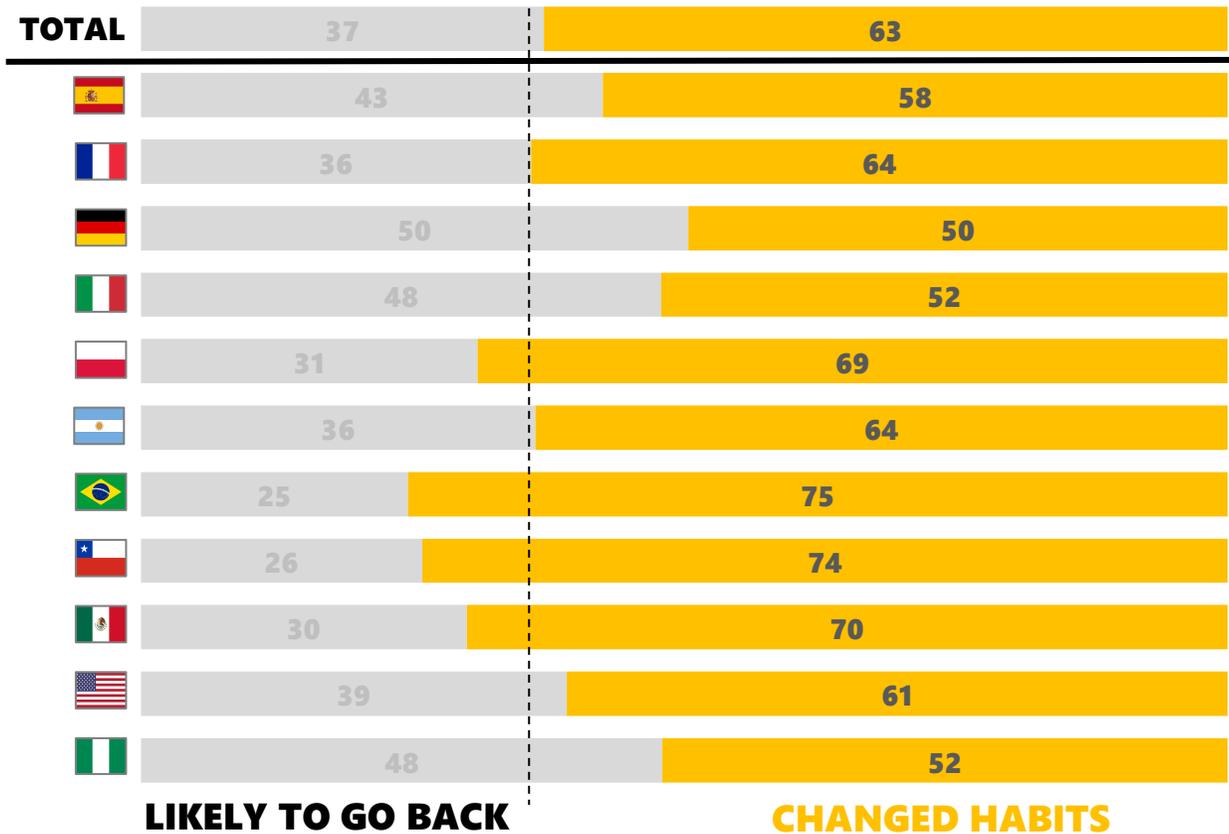
P14. What do you think you will do when this crisis is over and your preferred brands are available again?

Shopper experience: during and after COVID

Back to the former way of shopping?



- I will likely return to the way I shopped for these products before COVID-19
- I have changed the way I shop during the pandemic and I will stick to it



60% anticipate a lasting change in their shopping habits. Even higher percentage (%) in LATAM

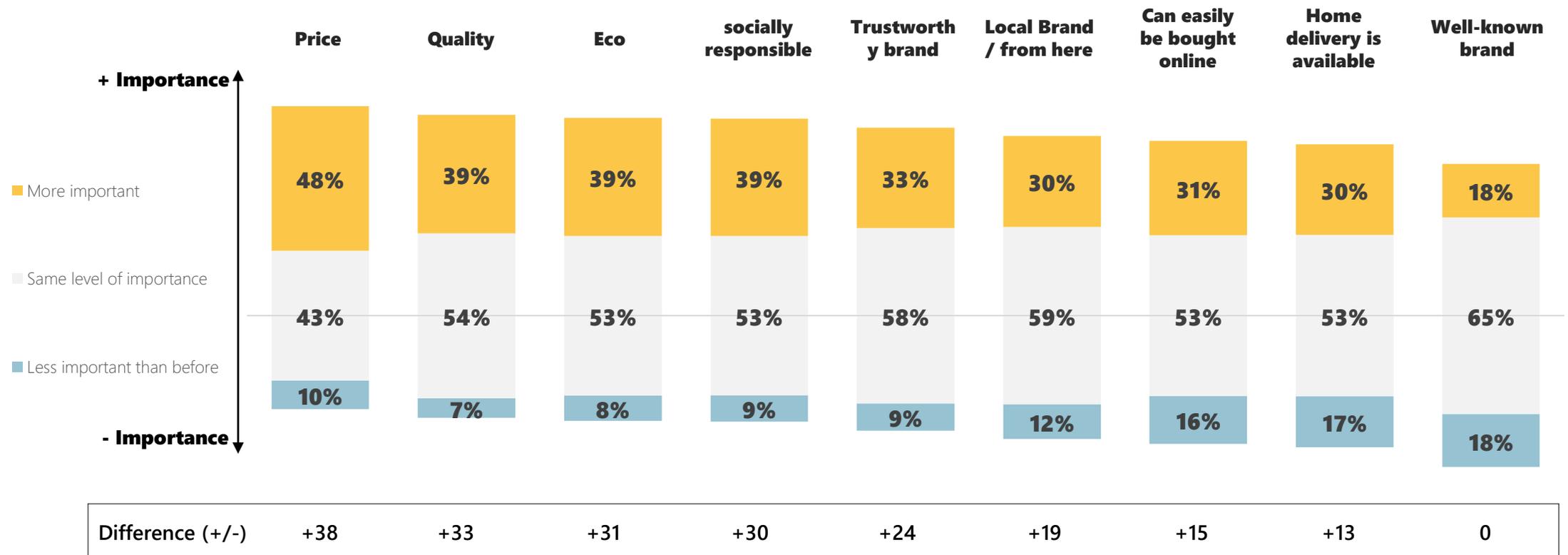
P8. When the threat of COVID-19 goes away, how do you think that will affect your shopping habits regarding food products and other household items?

Shopper experience: during and after COVID

After COVID-19 price will become even more relevant for 48% of the consumers, but eco- and socially responsible will also. Notoriety "per se" loses value

Evolution of the importance of different shopping aspects

(total base) (n=4.535)



P15. Compared to how important each was before COVID-19, how important will each of the following be in the future as you decide what brands of food products and household items to buy?



**Anticipating the New Normal:
Expectations of Future Behaviour**

Anticipating the New Normal



The global pandemic has changed our current behavior but also our future expectations.

This **change in habits is shaping the so-called "new normality"**, a new reality that the WHO itself considers difficult to reverse, at least in the short, medium term.

Even though there are some differences between countries, in general the consumers expect more time with their families, to care more for their diet, a more responsible consumption and increasing digitalization (e-commerce, e-learning, teleworking). At the other extreme, shopping centers, restaurants, public transport and cultural activities in general show a decline in future demand in all the countries analyzed.

- *We will do sport, but we will go less to the gym*
- *Our leisure will be reconverted, and the shopping center will not be the first option*
- *We will make more online purchases (big jump in Spain), although we will promote the local commerce*
- *We'll get around, but more on foot and less on public transport.*
- *We will use our private vehicle, less airplane, and do more local tourism*
- *We'll spend more time with family, and not so much with friends*
- *E-learning or teleworking will be an option with a certain upturn but not a majority*
- *The ecological aspect is important, but above all, care, a healthy diet and recycling. And responsible consumption will increase*

Although we cannot forget that **we will continue to depend on the existence of the virus and the evolution of the pandemic. This may condition us to new changes and a new "new normal"**.

Anticipating the New Normal: Expectations of Future Behavior

In the future we will spend more time with the family which will gain weight compared to relationships with friends.

Perceived variation:

PERSONAL RELATIONS

+18%



Spend time with family



+31%

Spend time with friends



+6%



P11 Do you think that during the 12 months after the threat of COVID-19 expires, that you will do less, about the same, or more of each of the following activities compared to the 12 months before COVID-19 started?

Anticipating the New Normal: Expectations of Future Behavior

In the future we will spend more time on our health and that of our environment.

Perceived variation:

HEALTH AND CARE

+17%



Follow a healthy and balanced diet



+21%

Buy environmentally friendly products



+21%

Recycle and reuse

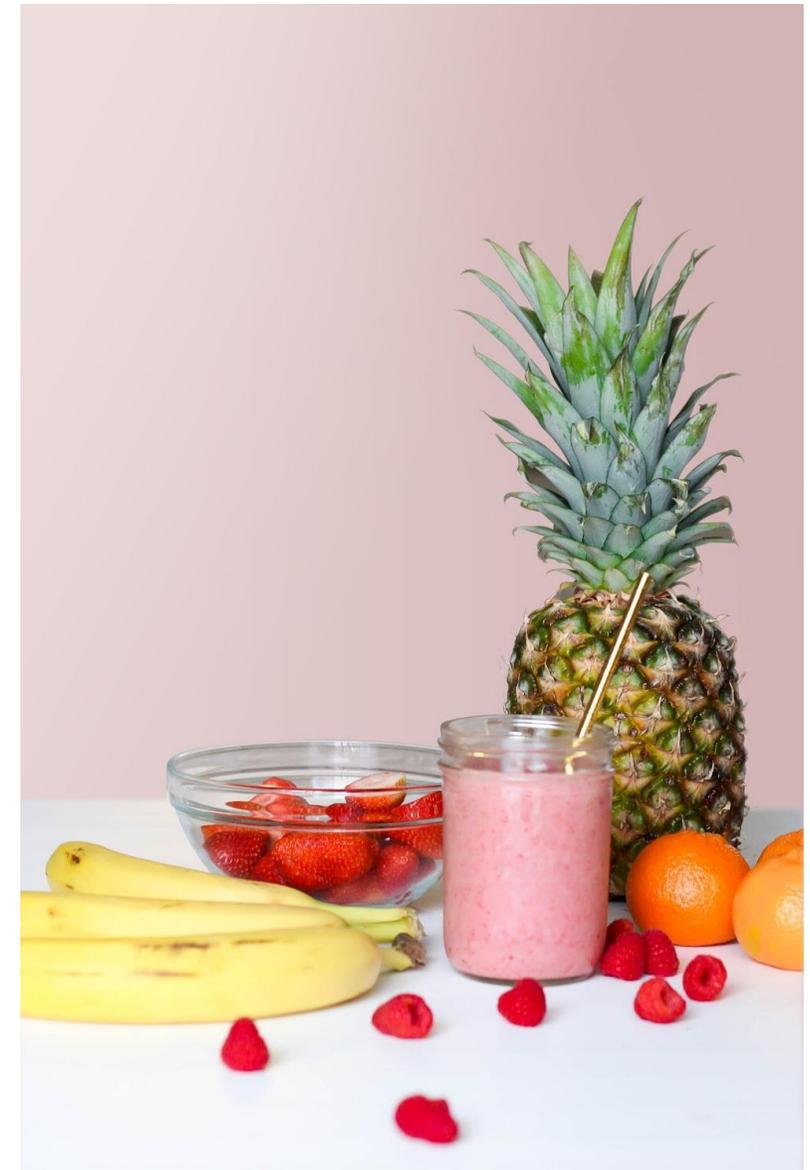


+20%

Participate in sports



+8%



P11 Do you think that during the 12 months after the threat of COVID-19 expires, that you will do less, about the same, or more of each of the following activities compared to the 12 months before COVID-19 started?

Anticipating the New Normal: Expectations of Future Behavior

Working from home and online training are habits that will grow in the future although they will not be in the majority.

Perceived Variation:

WORK

+9%



Work from home

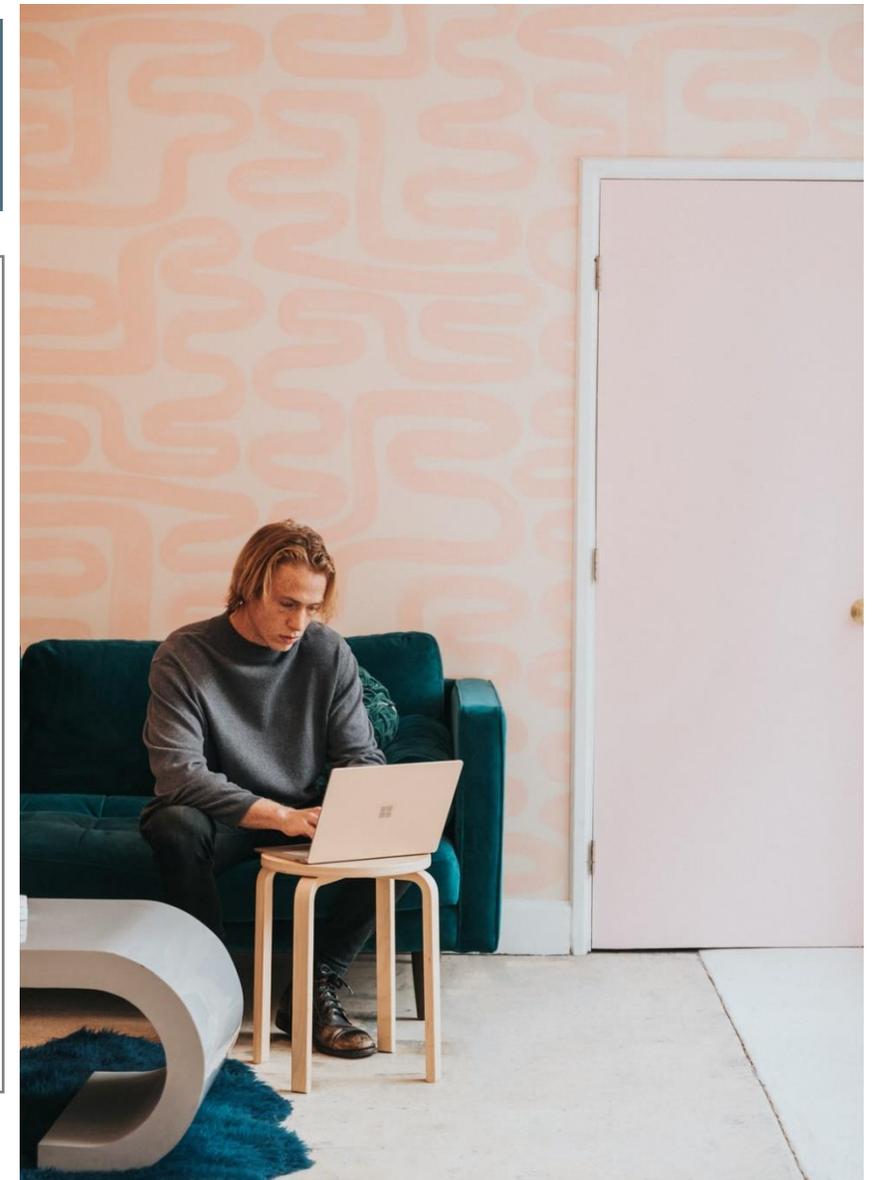


+10%

Participate in e-learning courses or webinars



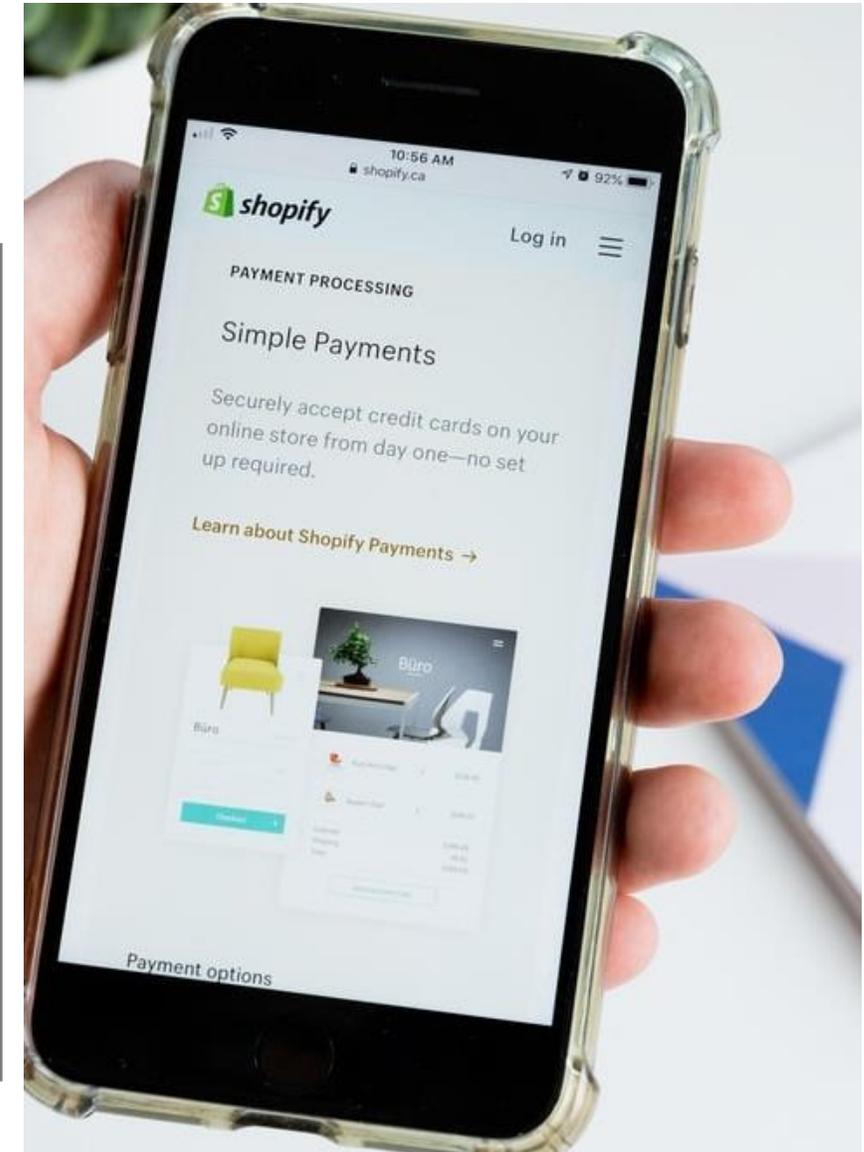
+9%



P11 Do you think that during the 12 months after the threat of COVID-19 expires, that you will do less, about the same, or more of each of the following activities compared to the 12 months before COVID-19 started?

Anticipating the New Normal: Expectations of Future Behavior

More online shopping is expected, with less impact on food. This tendency will coexist with the trend to proximity purchase



Perceived Variation:

SHOPPING

+5%



| | |
|--|-------------|
| <p>Purchase products online</p>  | +10% |
| <p>Purchase items from neighborhood shops</p>  | +6% |
| <p>Purchase food products online</p>  | +3% |
| <p>Request home delivery for food and restaurant purchases</p>  | -1% |

P11 Do you think that during the 12 months after the threat of COVID-19 expires, that you will do less, about the same, or more of each of the following activities compared to the 12 months before COVID-19 started?

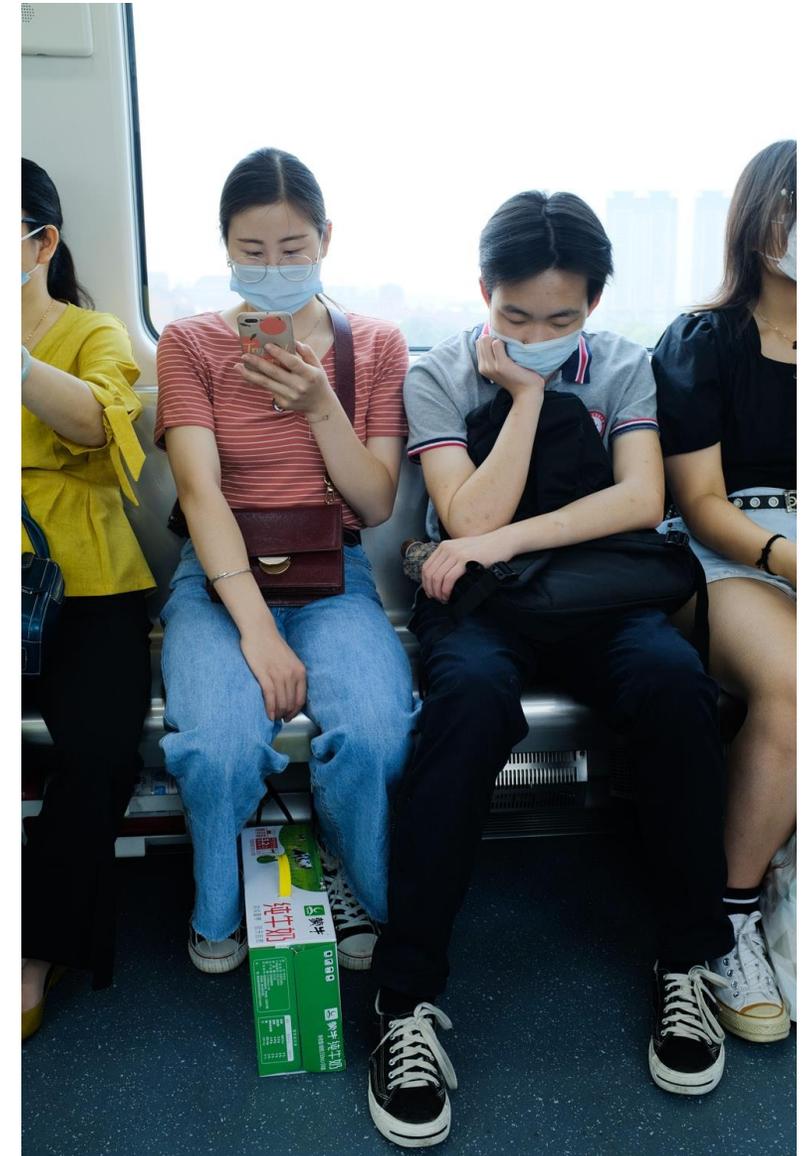
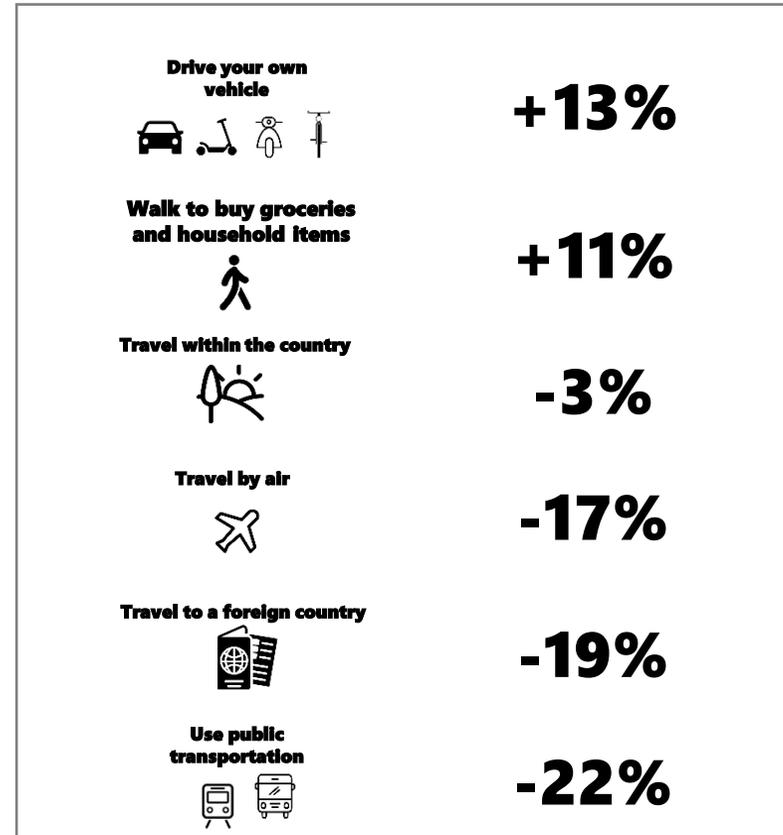
Anticipating the New Normal: Expectations of Future Behavior

In mobility, we will increase walking or preferring the own vehicle over trips on public transport.

Perceived Variation:

MOBILITY

-10%



P11 Do you think that during the 12 months after the threat of COVID-19 expires, that you will do less, about the same, or more of each of the following activities compared to the 12 months before COVID-19 started?

Anticipating the New Normal: Expectations of Future Behavior

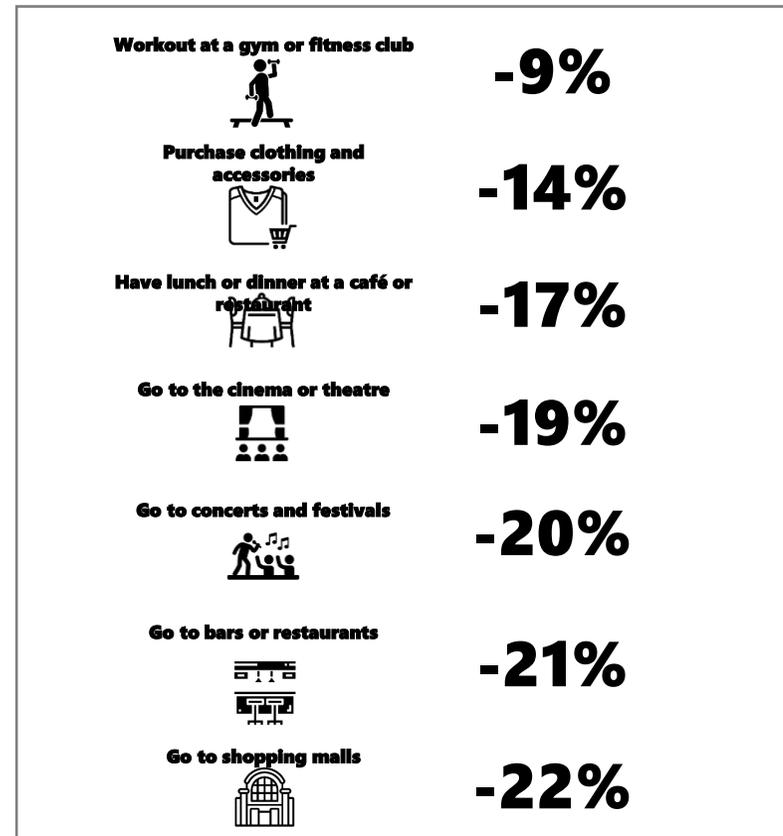
It is assumed that leisure time will be reinvented; fewer visits to shopping centers, bars and restaurants; festivals and cinema and theatre are envisaged.



Perceived Variation:

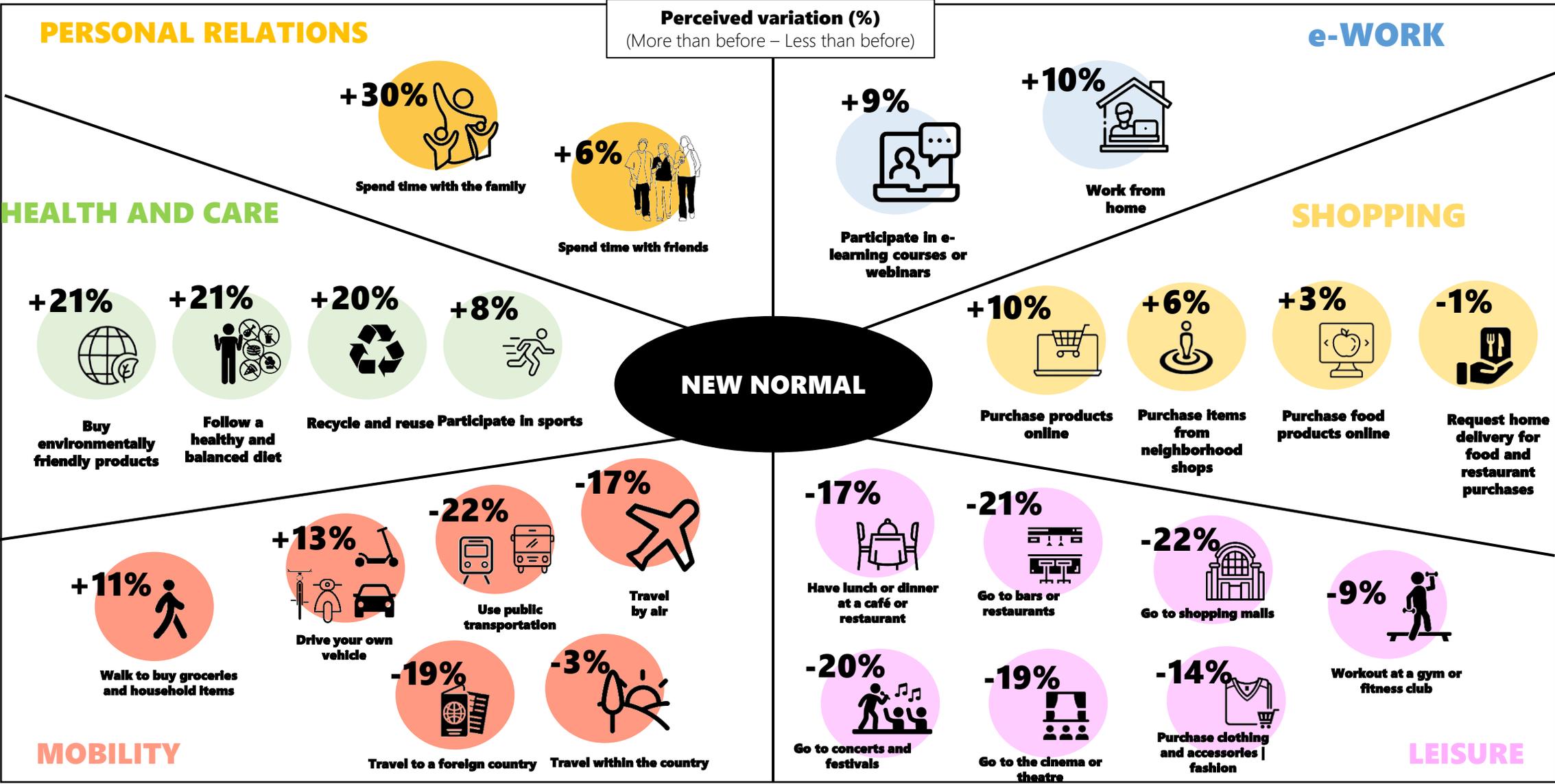
LEISURE

-17%

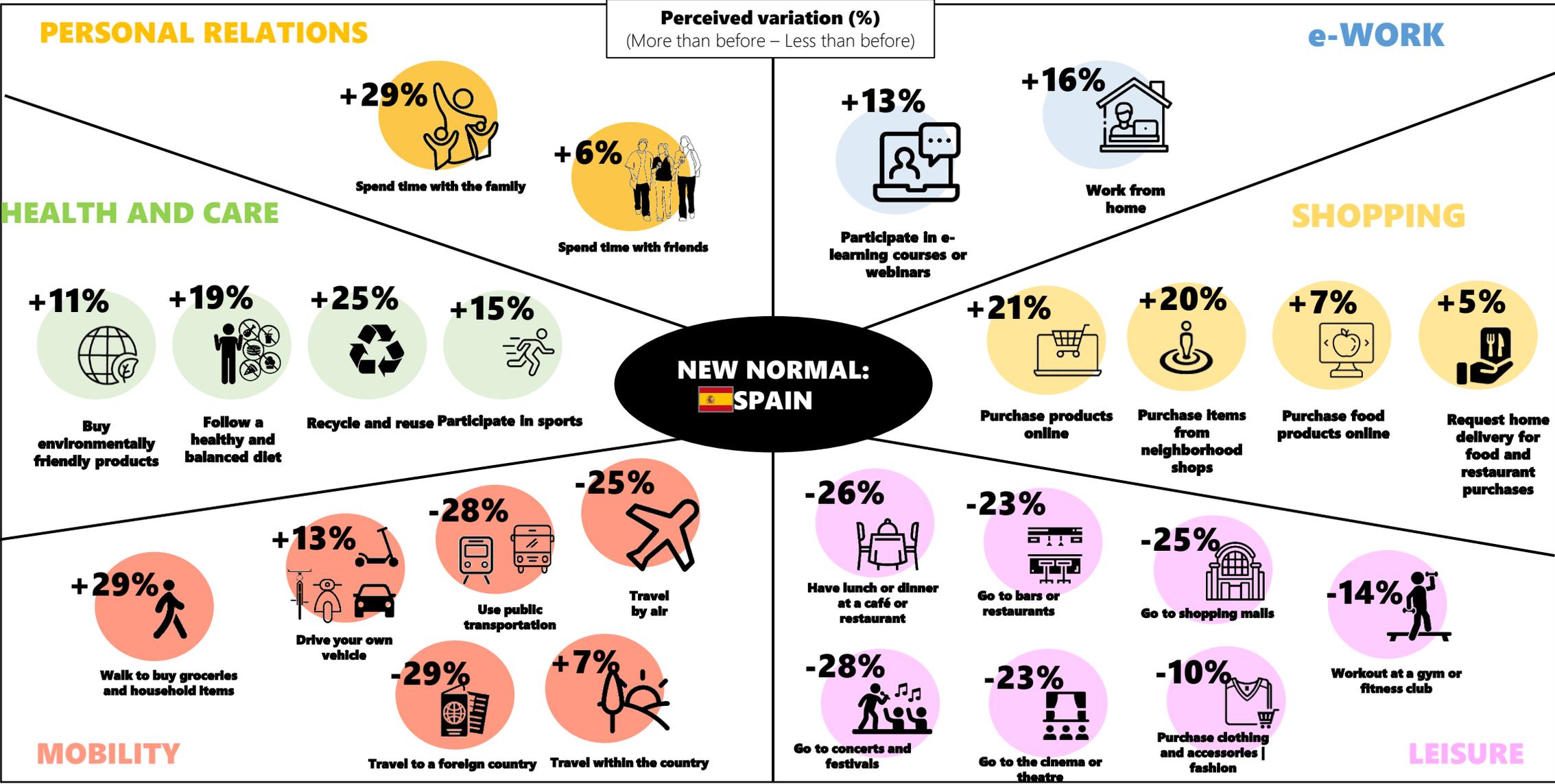


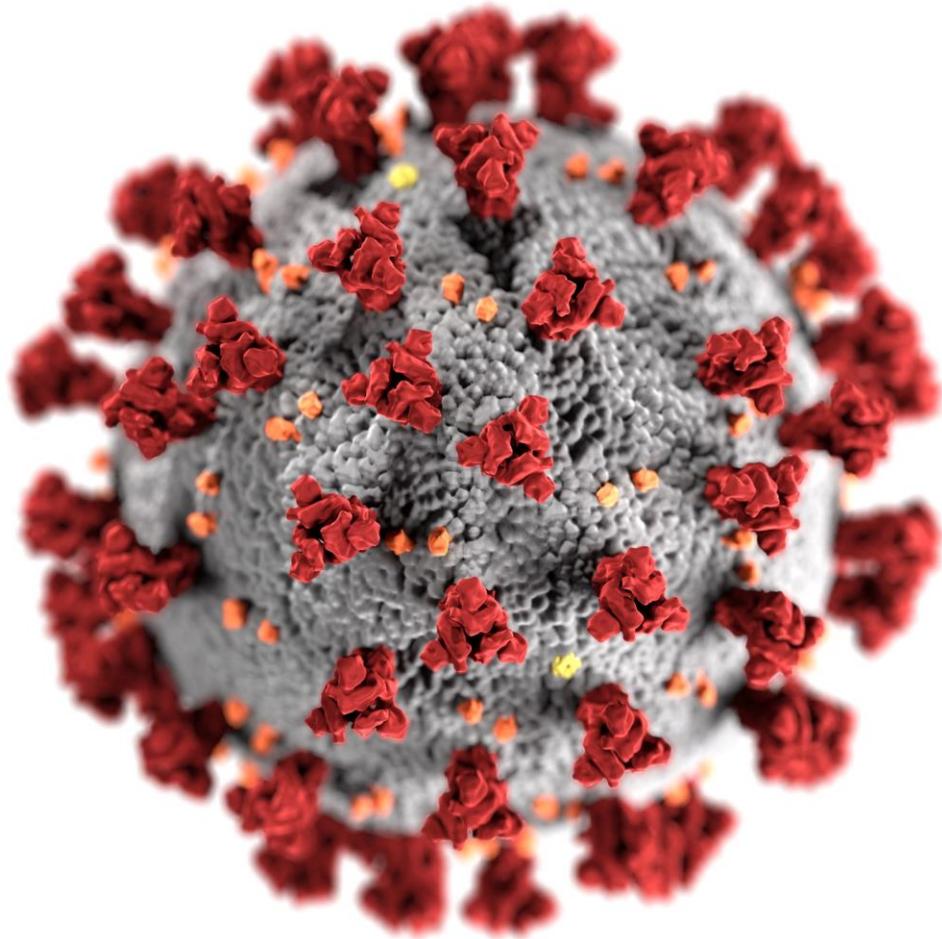
P11 Do you think that during the 12 months after the threat of COVID-19 expires, that you will do less, about the same, or more of each of the following activities compared to the 12 months before COVID-19 started?

Anticipating the New Normal: Expectations of Future Behavior



Anticipating the New Normal: Expectations of Future Behavior





A **dynamic, changing "new normal"** in the hands of the evolving pandemic which requires continuous exercise by brands to be attentive, and **continue to listen and understand the consumers and the market.**

Only in this way the brands and manufacturers will be able to offer an adequate response at all times.

ARTIS the result network

This report has been prepared by the Team of Punto de Fuga based on the data outcome of this international study.

The ARTIS network is currently made up of 16 companies with a presence in 56 countries.



| | | | |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Spain Punto de Fuga | Italy Apertamente | Germany Strategy Routes | France Cyble |
| | | | |
| Poland SODA Maket Research | Nigeria Webhaptic | Mexico Tangram | United States SRP |
| | | | |
| Brazil Perception | Argentina Datos Claros | Chile Datos Claros | |
| | | | |

Companies of the ARTIS network who have participated in this study

<https://artisnetwork.com/>

www.puntodefuga.es



Punto de Fuga
THE VALUE OF PEOPLE INSIGHT

Anticipating the new normal

Global references and orientations



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